FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....JULY 18, 1895.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

Thus far the Baptists have raised $14,000 for their Female University at Raleigh.

According to the statistics of the Arkwright Club the number of cotton-spindles in Georgia and the Carolinas has increased 20 per cent. since 1892, as against 5 per cent. increase in Massachusetts.

The average speed made on the recent 1000 mile relay bicycle race, Chicago to New York, was 15¼ miles per hour. Michael, a young Englishman, on May 19, at Paris, made 100 miles in 4 hours, 2 minutes and 45⅘ seconds.

Baggage is moved from one end to the other of the Victoria station at Manchester in basket trucks running along a light electric railroad suspended from the roof of the station. The trucks are lowered by chains to any platform desired.

Recalling the fact that in 1883 England exported 29,000,000 tons of coal, Mr. Andrew Reed writes in the Fortnightly Review that we are doing the cowardly, greedy and unpatriotic act of shipping our island and selling it to foreign peoples." This may be sarcasm, says the New York World, but it seems to be earnestness.

Secretary Morton says that American bacon brings only 6 cents a pound in England while Danish bacon brings 14 cents and the famous Wiltshire bacon is worth 18 cents a pound. The English like a lean bacon, and will not pay much for fat hogs. He advises farmers to enter to this trade and good price rather than to be ambitious for fat hogs.

Upon being asked to give the names of the greatest men of the United States, living or dead, an applicant to teach school in Sampson county named: "James Madison, Horace Greely, Andrew Jackson, Pearson the Evangelist, Rev. W. B. Oliver, Dr. Kingsbury, Hon. B. F. Grady, Dr. Pritchard, Prof. Wills, A. M. Lee, G. E. Butler, Street Brewer, A. F. Howard, E. W. Kerr, Rev. J. L. Stewart."

The following are the total receipts of cotton at all the ports since September 1894: Galveston 1,756,125; New Orleans 2,571,680; Mobile 250,057; Savannah 941,159; Charleston 427,457; Wilmington 234,451; Norfolk 469,789; Baltimore 118,096; New York 187,636; Boston 333,300; Newport News 32,630; Philadelphia 125,356; West Point 286,033; Brunswick 103,-944; Velasco 592; Port Royal 159,379. Total, 7,800,002.

When investigating the Vatican records Pope Leo XII. said to Dom Gasquet, the librarian: "Publish everything of interest, everything, whether it tends to the credit or discredit of the ecclesiastical authorities, for you may be sure that if the Gospels had been written in our day the treachery of Judas and the denial of St. Peter would have been suppressed for fear of scandalizing weak consciences." So Lord Halifax told the English Church Union the other day.

The people of the United States are the greatest meat eaters in the world, according to a French statistician. It is estimated that 180,000,000 turkeys are annually consumed at Thanksgiving. In 1892 $250,000,000 worth of eggs were eaten. We produce annually 2,-100,000 tons of beef, 310,000 of mutton, and 2,100,000 of pork, nearly all of which is consumed in the United States. About 40,000 tons of cucumbers are eaten in the United States annually and over 12,000,000 bushels of buckwheat were consumed last year.

The announcement that the cruiser Columbia had been placed in dry dock at Southampton to have her bottom cleaned and made ready for her race across the ocean for a warship record has been confirmed. This will materially change the conditions under which the Columbia will make the race, placing her in better condition as far as a clean hull is concerned than most of the trans-Atlantic passenger steamers when their records were made, and removes one of the possible excuses should she make a poor showing.

According to the religious census report just issued the total communicants of all the denominations is 20,612,806, who belong to 104,177 organizations or congregations. These congregations have 142,521 edifices, which have sittings for 43,564,863 persons. The value of all church property used exclusively for purposes of worship is $679,630,139 There are 171,000 regular ministers, not including lay preachers. There are five bodies, which have more than one million of communicants and ten more that have five hundred thousand. The leading denominations have communicants in round numbers as follows: Catholic, 6,250,000; Methodist, 4,600,000; Baptist, 3,725,-000; Presbyterian, 1,280,352; Lutheran, 1,230,-000; Protestant Episcopal, 640,000.

When Zera Colburn, the Vermont mathematical "prodigy," visited Harvard College, he told in four seconds the exact number of seconds in eleven years and answered other similar questions with equal facility. He could no more tell how he did it than a child in singing can tell the laws of melody, but it is certain that it was done under natural law and not in opposition to it. It is hardly doubtful that all such laws are extremely simple, and that they will be discovered as soon as investigators cut loose from accepted theories and apply modern scientific methods of persistent experiment and comparison to mathematics. It ought to be taken for granted, when such unexplained phenomena are witnessed, that "the last word" has not been said in mathematics or anything else.

The London Truth says: Rumor is a mendacious jade' According to her, the Shahzada has been much perturbed by the downfall of the Government, and, with truly Eastern gallantry, at once offered the use of his Afghan escort to protect the royal family. He is also supposed to have interceded for Lord Kimberley in consequence of the kind reception which the Minister for India prepared for him. The Shahzada is understood to hope that Lord Kimberley may be dispatched at once, without having to submit to an elaborate and lingering death. He is, moreover, said to have signified his intention to be present at the execution of Lord Rosebery, in order to testify publicly his support of the reigning house. No doubt her Majesty will graciously grant both the requests of our illustrious visitor.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

July 1, 1894, the railway mileage in North Carolina was 3,616. It has been increased up to July 1, 1895, as follows: Aberdeen and Rockfish railway 5½ miles, Aberdeen and West End 4, Wellington and Powellsville 11, Moore county 12, Winston 10; total 44½; making the grand total 3,658½ miles. ——A cablegram to the Jacksonville Times-Union from Key West, Fla., says: Late advices to this city from Havana state that a battle was fought near Manzanillo on the 3rd, between 500 fresh Spanish troops, commanded by Maj. Sanchez, and 200 insurgents, commanded by Rabi, in which the Spanish troops were completely routed. The insurgents captured fifty Spaniards. ——Governor Carr has appointed the following directors of the North Carolina railway: S. B. Alexander, W. C. Maxwell, John P. Allison, L. S. Overman, C. W. Johnson, V. E. Turner, S. B. Spruill and J. J. Young. Charles D. McIver is State proxy. All save Alexander and McIver are old appointees. ——Treasury receipts and expenditures have both been running heavy so far this month. The former have attained the aggregate of $10,979,000, or nearly $1,250,000 a day, Sundays and holidays excluded, and the expenditures foot up $23,318,000, making the deficits $12,338,000. Since July 1st, the general treasury balance, according to the printed daily statement, has declined $2,000,-000, standing at $191,518,000. From this there is to be deducted $6,527,616, for bonds and interest paid. The gold reserve has declined from $107,557,000 to $107,213,000. ——Great impetus to traffic is given by the deeping of the harbor at Savannah and clearing out the channel of the river to Augusta. ——Near Murphy, N. C., a lawyer named Jennys shot at a man named Wilkinson, while riding at night with the former's wife, and killed his wife. ——The first bale of cotton of this year's crop was received at Galveston Thursday from San Diego. ——The Wake county grand jury presents Clerks Satterfield and Brown, of the last Legislature, for allowing the presiding officers to ratify a bill that had not passed either House. ——On the present ment for libel against Mrs. Arrington and the Barnes brothers, the Wake county grand jury find a true bill. ——Franc. R. E. Woodard, an American and correspondent of the New York Morning Journal in Cuba, had to seek protection under the British flag, the American consul at Gibara, who is a Spanish officer, refusing to protect him. ——All Cuban insurgents captured are to be shot. ——At Jeffersonville, Ga., Mrs. William Nobles and Gus. Fambles were found guilty of the murder of the former's husband and sentenced to be hanged. ——The friends of Mrs. Florence Maybrick in London are once more renewing their efforts to obtain her release from prison. Mrs. Maybrick is the American woman convicted of poisoning her husband, and sentenced to death August 7, 1889, but her sentence was commuted to penal servitude for life. ——Severe earthquake shocks have been experienced in the Caspian and Ural Districts, Russia. Many houses have been destroyed at Usanada, Astrachan and Krasnovodsk. ——The forgeries of Banker Z. T. Lewis, of Ansonia, Ohio, will amount to at least $200,000. The commissioners of every county in Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky, and West Virginia, are busy examining bonds, on which they loaned money to Lewis, and in the majority of cases the paper has been found to be worthless. Lewis played no favorites. A year ago he forged his brother's name to a mortgage for $3,000 and made a pauper of him. He drained his mother's purse and made victims of all his relatives who had ready money or property. ——Persons from Montgomery county, say that a 17-year-old white lad, named Tucker, murdered a negro convict, he had in charge, while the latter was handcuffed, by shooting him twice with a rifle, and then buried his body in the sand, burying the rifle beside the body. The boy says the negro ran, and he shot at him, but that the negro got away. ——Deputies Richard and Denoix fought a duel in Paris with pistols, with the usual result, neither being injured. M. Basset and M. Archain, members of the Seine municipality, also fought a duel with swords with the unusual result that Bassett was wounded in the wrist. ——Rev. Dr. McAnally, senior editor of the Christian Advocate, and one of the most prominent men in the Southern M. E. Church, died at his residence in St. Louis, Mo., Thursday night. ——A special to the Columbia State announced the death in Greenville, S. C., of Dr. J. H. Westmoreland, known to the drug trade throughout the South. To alleviate acute suffering chloroform was administered and he died under its influence. ——The wife of Richard H. McDonald, Sr., now in jail at Chicago, awaiting trial for forgery and embezzlement in connection with the wrecking of the Pacific Bank, has fled with about $100,000, with which her husband had entrusted her to provide for his legal defence. ——A woman attempted suicide in the Cincinnati police court because sentenced for drunkenness; she is of an aristocratic Georgia family.—— By the deepening by the Government of the channels in the Norfolk district, including the inland route into Currituck sound, commerce in that section is greatly increased.—— The Governor refuses to commute the sentence of Andrew Brown, sentenced to be hanged at Salisbury on the 25th inst. ——The Governor offers a reward for the apprehension of the unknown person who assassinated John McCullen in Wayne county. ——The contract for the new building at the Agricultural college has been awarded to the North Carolina Car company. ——S. W. Anderson, a negro preacher, and leader of his race in Peoria, Ill., committed suicide. ——A waterspout almost completely destroyed two towns in Mexico. ——A body of Chinese in Formosa attacked some Japanese and were repulsed with great loss. ——The Pennsylvania railroad $5,000,000 3½ per cent. loan was heavily over subscribed in London.—— Willis, Arizona, suffered from a big fire, a riot and an attempt at looting by an organized band of toughs, all at the same time.—— The cashier of a bank at Peru, Ia., skips the country with $10,000 of the bank's funds.—— There was much excitement in Columbia over the arrest of a man on order of a judge sentencing him to the pententiary under contempt proceedings for selling liquor; he had a lively battle with pistols with the constables, but was finally shot down, placed in a wagon and hauled to the penitentiary. ——A passenger train on the Illinois Central railroad was wrecked above New Orleans by some negroes who had been put off another train; the engineer was killed and the fireman had both arms broken.

CORRESPONDENCE.

HOPE MILLS NOTES.

Hope Mills Bicycle and Athletic Club Pic-nic.

Correspondence of the Observer.

One of the nicest, most pleasant and all round enjoyable pic-nics which we have ever attended, was given by the Hope Mills Bicycle and Athletic Club at its race track in Hope Mills on July 4th. Seats had been prepared by the Club and every arrangement made for the enjoyment and pleasure of those who were fortunate enough to be there. The day was cool and cloudy which added greatly to the comfort of all.

The amusement began by a game of base ball between the Galatia and Hope Mills teams, which resulted in a victory for Galatia by a score of 12 to 3. The only excuse the Hope Mills team had for being so badly beaten, was that it was not in practice. By 11 o'clock a large crowd had gathered from Galatia, Cumberland Mills, Bluff Mills and the surrounding country. At least six or eight hundred had assembled.

A prize having been offered for the most tastefully decorated bicycle every wheel was handsomely decorated rendering the parade ground beautiful. The ingenuity and and taste shown by Mr. S. H. Colton enabled him to carry off the prize so hardly contested for and so much coveted by others. The handsomely decorated wheel was placed near the newly built Club Room and left there during the day, the admiration of all lovers of beauty and taste.

The club had spent no little care in getting up various bicycle races and athletic contests and had offered prizes for the winners. To make it more interesting, those who were not members of the club were allowed to contest, many of whom bore off prizes during the day.

In the bicycle racing, Frank H. Cotton, with his light running wheel, won the first race, making ¼ of a mile in 40 3-5 seconds, John Faircloth came next, making it in 48 seconds. The most interesting race was made by Old Age represented by Mr. H. W. King, age 64 years, and Youth represented by J. Maguire, age 8 years. As is always the case interest centered in the handsome and gentlemanly little boy who represented youth. Before the race began there was an air of determination about little John that would have made the betting had there been any in his favor. Old man King looked upon the contest somewhat as did Goliath of old but John's nimble limbs enabled him to get the start of the old man. When the race was about one-third over, a perceptable gain was made by Mr. King, who evened up with his youthful competitor. The balance of the race was so evenly run that it was interesting in the extreme. Amid laughing, cheering and waving handerchiefs, Youth won by a few feet. Unluckily for Mr. King, he tried to take up too soon and rolled from his wheel, adding chagrine to defeat.

The club has a number of fine riders, among the best of whom we will mention: F. H. Cotton, D. J. Maguire, J. H. Morrison, N. T. Brown, John Faircloth, E. Berkman and Parret Arnett.

In the Athletic contests John Musselwhite, Wilbur Hall, Frank Blue and Norman Campbell were most successful. In the jumping contest Norman Campbell cleared 15 feet 3 inches, and on an exhibition jump over 16 feet, retaining any amount of reserved force.

The most interesting of these was the obstacle race. In this race the contestant was required to roll under a pole about 12 inches from the ground, pass through a barrel standing on the ground, jump a pole 6 feet high, pass through a swinging barrel, roll under another pole, and jump a ditch. The race was greatly enjoyed by the spectators.

The sporting gentlemen were entertained late in the evening by a trap shooting contest. The club had offered a prize to the one who would hit the greatest number of birds (clay pigeons) out of 25. Messrs. T. Hamilton, John Hamilton, Wm. Muse, J. B. Driver and T. J. Atkinson broke the 5 birds each without missing. T. Hamilton missed the 6th bird and dropped out, J. Hamilton dropped out on the 7th, and Wm. Muse the 9th. The shooting then lay between J. B. Driver and T. J. Atkinson—Driver shooting a 12 guage and Atkinson a 16. Driver broke 19 birds with his first barrel. Atkinson had to use his second barrel twice to keep in. Driver missed his 20th bird with both barrels, leaving the prize, a hunting coat to Atkinson. At the request of his friends Atkinson shot the balance of his shells, making a score of 24 birds without missing. As he was shooting a 16 and the others 12, he could not procure more shells and was deprived of making what might have been one of the best records in the State.

The fine management of Messrs. J. A. Maguire, S. H. Cotton, F. Berkman, W. F. Blount and F. H. Cotton rendered the day's sports attractive and enjoyable. The best of order prevailed.

There were some present who did not come to see the races. It had been announced as a basket picnic and that there would be confectionaries for the children. Almost every mother in Hope Mills was there with her children. The boys were delighted.

Lemonade was free and plentiful, the dinner good and bountiful, and a pocket full of peanuts to wind up with. The dinner was tastefully arranged and gracefully handed to those gathered around the table by 32 of Hope Mill's most beautiful young ladies, with their pretty white aprons and sun bonnets.

One thing can be said of this picnic which can be said of but few others, and that is that it was not "tiresome." During the entire day there was something new. There was something more to be seen than the languid look of the lover or the angry frown of the jilted suiter.

Could our forefathers who 119 years ago declared this to be a free and independent people, have seen the highly delighted crowd at this picnic, they might have said free, independent and happy people.

The Club did everything possible to render the day pleasant for all. Although "times are hard" money was spent lavishly, the Club being determined not to fail in its first grand entertainment. Its success was beyond expectation, as all who were there will testify. The Club will have racing and athletic contests monthly which will always be free to spectators.

Rev. Mr. Eldridge, a Presbyterian Evangelist, began a series of meetings last Sunday morning. The meetings will be held at night only, and will continue this week and probably next. It is hoped that much good will be accomplished.

Mr. S. H. Cotton, Secretary and Manager, of Hope Mills, has gone to Philadelphia to purchase machinery for the Cotton family's new cotton mill near Birmingham, Ala.

Dr. McKinnon, with his pleasant and accomplished family, moved to Red Springs last week. They will be greatly missed in this community, as they had many warm friends.

Z. B. NEWTON.

Endon Items.

Correspondence of the Observer.

ENDON, N. C., July 15, 1895.

The busy little town Endon is located in Cumberland county, twelve miles East of Aberdeen, and 24 miles West of Fayetteville on the Aberdeen and Rockfish R. R., in the centre of the piney woods belt. It is one of the thriftiest little places in North Carolina; has three large saw mills, three turpentine distilleries, two large mercantile houses, one buggy, wagon and horse shoeing shops. Two of the lumber plants and one of the business houses are run by the wide-awake firm of W. M. Blue & Co. The firm is composed of Jno. Blue, N. S. Blue and W. M. Blue. Mr. W. M. Blue is the business manager of the firm; he is a young man about 28, of large business capacity; is clever, gentle, and well liked by all who meet him; is liberal, and does all he can for the community. The other lumber plant is conducted by the well-known firm of Benoy & McPherson. Mr. T. M. Benoy is the business manager of the firm. They do a large lumber business; they are good reliable business men. W. D. Cameron & Co., are manufacturers of naval stores. This firm is composed of S. J. Cameron, J. A. Cameron and W. D. Cameron. Mr. W. D. Cameron is the business manager of the firm; is a young man about 23, one of North Carolina's hustling business boys, always ready for business, and well liked by all who have business transactions with him. They also conduct a mercantile business.

The other two turpentine distilleries are run by Mr. L. A. Blue and Mr. N. S. Blue respectively. They are well known throughout the commercial world as large manufacturers of naval stores, and having been in the business for many years, have laid up great wealth. They are good Christian gentlemen.

The Aberdeen and Rockfish Railroad is owned by John and N. S. Blue, it is full gauge, steel rails. I think I can safely say that this road carries more freight over its line than any other road to its length in North Carolina. The freight from Endon alone will amount to 125 or 150 car loads of lumber, spirits and rosin per month. The next station is Buffalo, 4 miles distant, where Messrs. John and N. S. Blue have two large turpentine distilleries combined. There also is a large lumber plant run by Duke and Blanchard, who are also large manufacturers of the North Carolina long leaf yellow pine lumber. The freight from that point can not be but little if any less than it is from this. Other places along the line furnish freight. I can't see any reason why this road should not be extended to Fayetteville. Mr. Jno. Blue is President, and Mr. N. S. Blue is Treasurer and Secretary.

Mr. Jno. Blue stands on the top round of the ladder in all branches of business. His business reaches from the Atlantic to the Pacific, the Gulf of Mexico and other places unknown to the writer. He is a hard working man, full of business all the time, and with all is clever and a perfect gentleman.

C. B. NEWBERRY.

From the Soldiers' Home.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 10, 1895.

To the Editor of the Fayetteville Observer.

In the Hickory Mercury of the 26th of June, the following item is copied from the Lenoir Topic, and upon which the subjoined comments are made by the Mercury:

"One of the things the late Legislature did was to cut down the appropriation to the Soldiers' Home. This is the way the old heroes, who fought for the Confederacy were treated by the Douglasites."—Lenoir Topic.

Here are the comments of the Mercury. "Are you certain of that brother? It is a pity to bother that sacred institution. It will do any one good to visit that grand(?) institution, and see how well the 'old heroes' are provided for. They are disgusted with their treatment themselves. Some of them say they would rather have what little they get in money, and be allowed to return to their homes. There are only about 60 there, and they are at their homes a good portion of the time. There is not a single soldier there west of Iredell county. There is not a county poor house in the State that we have heard of, but what has more comforts than at this Soldiers' home. We say the Soldiers Home, the way it is kept is a disgrace to the State, and the party that controls it."

Now, Mr. Editor, as an inmate, and a beneficiary of this institution, I think I am in a situation to refute the sarcastic and scurrilous statements of the Mercury in regard to our Home. We are not willing to believe that the editor of the Mercury would knowingly misrepresent us, but we do say that he has been most grossly misinformed, and that he is at fault in giving to the public such statements without being well assured of their truthfulness.

He says we "are disgusted with our treatment" at the Home, this is not so, we are all satisfied with our treatment here, with but a few exceptions. There are some chronic grumblers to be found everywhere, and no doubt it was from some of these the Mercury got its information. I do not know how the unfortunate people in the county poor houses are treated, or what comforts they get, but if they get as good as we do, or are blessed with the comforts that are provided for us, then it may be truthfully said; "how blessed is the estate of the poor."

The Soldiers Home of North Carolina is indeed a grand and noble institution, notwithstanding the slings and slurs of the Mercury. We have no fears of its being brought into disrepute under the management of the party that now controls it. We may have more to say in the future.

Very truly,
E. M. WADDILL.

Cornelia Items.

Correspondence of the Observer.

CORNELIA, N. C., July 8, 1895.

MR. EDITOR:—We are having fine weather at present for crop growing, which we hope will continue until our crops are matured. Corn is tasseling and shooting nicely.

Mr. Thad. Geddie sowed about six acres of his land this year in rye for his stock to run on. He says he is well pleased with the crop of rye he made on the piece of land, but did not reap any of it to find the yield per acre.

We heard Mr. S. A. Bain and other gentlemen talking of sowing wheat next winter if farmers in the neighborood would cultivate enough wheat to pay the owner of a thrashing machine to thrash it for them. We think it would be profitable to them. Another obstacle would be to have the wheat ground into flour, for there are no flour mills near here.

Some of the ladies of McMillan's Chapel informed us that their Missionary Society was doing good work. They only have 15 members at present.

The Sunday Schools at McMillan's Chapel and Oak Ridge are practicing vocal music preparatory to singing at the Black River township Sunday School Convention which will be held at Oak Ridge Aug. 8th, 1895. The children are taking a great interest in the Sunday School work.

We are glad to know that there are ladies in Cumberland county who have the womanhood and courage to make an effort to erect a monument to the memory of the brave Confederate dead soldiers who sacrificed their lives for our freedom and homes. We land such a noble enterprise, and wish the ladies great success.

D. D. BAIN.

The Late Col. William J. Parker.

Clinton Democrat.

(SKETCH BY REV. L. M. CHAFFIN.)

The subject of this sketch was born in Sampson county, N. C., September 15th, 1821; and died at his home in Bladen county January 29th, 1895.

He was twice married. First to Miss Amanda Jane Cromartie, to whom were born six children, four of whom are living. His second wife was Miss Sarah E. Owen, who with one child survives him.

In October, 1846, he came to Cypress Creek, where he spent the remainder of his life. It is probable that no man ever wielded a greater influence among those with whom he lived than did he, and whose death was more lamented than his. He was loved and reverenced by all classes and colors of people. Everybody in need found a friend in him, and such he never refused—white or black.

As a citizen he was loyal and true. Interested in, and concerned for all that pertained to the good of the community, and the general welfare of the country at large. If necessary and in his power he would make a sacrifice to benefit others.

He was chairman of the board of county commissioners of Bladen county fourteen years, retiring from it on his own accord. His work in this capacity met the approval of all good citizens, and his record stands as a monument to his memory. The people of the county remember him as one of the best and purest officials it ever had.

But it was as a Christian that he made his greatest impression upon humanity. In 1843 he joined the Methodist E. Church South on the Sampson circuit, under the ministry of Rev. Daniel Culbreth, and was "faithful until death." He worked for the spiritual as well as the material welfare of the church. He talked to sinners, prayed for them and led them to his Savior. He served the church as steward, class-leader, superintendent of the Sunday-school and trustee; and was zealous in all these relations. In 1859 he went as a district steward to the North Carolina Conference, and has attended every session since except 1883 and 1894. For a number of years he has been on the Joint Board of Finance, and its chairman continuously since 1885, the only layman who ever filled that position. It was a great disappointment to him not to be able to attend the last session of the Conference, his heart seemed set upon it more than usual.

His last day's work on earth was done in the fourth quarterly conference of last year. How fit a closing for such a long and consecrated life!

For a part of two years prior to entering the ministry I was employed by our deceased brother, and lived during that time in his home. He was a kind and affectionate husband, a loving and gentle father. He never failed to hold family prayers morning and night, making no difference who was there, nor how urgent the necessity for leaving home before day to attend to his business.

For the last two years I was his pastor, and he my nearest neighbor. A better, truer friend, more obliging neighbor and safer counsellor a pastor never had. He has been employer, parishioner, counsellor and friend to me. I loved him; now I miss him. I shall cherish his memory.

His home was the Methodist preachers' home. At its threshold they received a royal welcome and unbounded hospitality. They could come when they pleased and stay as long as they wished.

Shortly before he died he said: "I am ready for any dispensation that awaits me. I have no fears and nothing troubles me. My arrangements are all made and in Divine keeping. There is nothing in my past life that I wish to live over again, and nothing that I would change if I could, but there is something better beyond."

I was often with him during his sickness and witnessed his death. No child ever went to sleep in its mother's arms more peacefully than did he in the arms of his Savior. "Let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be like his." May the God of mercy comfort his bereaved family, and bring them together in His eternal kingdom. Brother, friend, farewell till we meet where partings shall be no more.

The Effects of Demonetigation.

Hickory Press.

Mr. Moreton Frewen, an Englishman, and one of the ablest monetary authorities in Europe, at the Second National silver Convention in Washington spoke as follows: "While many intelligent people here are not always alarmed at the dangers attending free colnage, they do not always recognize the immense importance to your farmers of higher rates for silver. they do not recognize that *whenever the price of silver falls, the price of wheat, cotton and other products must fall also.*

"This is a question to which, when in India, I gave very close study, and I should like to make this general statement, which I am convinced the experience of the past and of the future will amply confirm. Let me put it briefly this way: the price of wheat in this country is its price in London or Liverpool, less the cost of carriage from here there, and the London price of wheat is, under ordinary conditions, one ounce of silver per bushel of wheat. Your farmers will always have to sell a bushel of wheat, say in Chicago, for an ounce of silver less freight charges to London; if then, silver is worth $1.29 per ounce, the London price of American wheat is a dollar and twenty-nine cents, while, if silver is worth ninety cents, then your wheat will only realise ninety cents. This is a statement that will bear close examination, and it is the sum of the importance of the silver question to your nation."

To put it differently, just so long as England can send to us and procure our silver so low that she can coin one ounce into two-and a-half rupees, the price per bushel of wheat in India, at less than one-half of $1.29, the price per ounce of our silver prior to its demonetization, just so long can "the wayfaring man though a fool," discern why the mortgages of the Western farmers have been foreclosed by their creditors and they and their families reduced to penury and want. Under such conditions, and they affect all agricultural products, the farming interests are paralyzed and prosperity is a thing of the past. Continue silver as a mere commodity, and the people's wealth will shortly be wholly in the hands of a few American and English capitalists, and the laboring classes of this country will be in the condition of the serfs of the "Old World."

These are a few of many reasons that we might assign for parting company with the goldbugs.

Plato had a memory that was the marvel of his contemporaries.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Now a Healthy Rise.

Wilmington Dispatch.

Prices current lately published in the newspapers of the country show that very many articles of commerce have risen in price. Kerosene, flour, corn, iron, peanuts, cotton and many other products. This rise in prices should receive serious consideration by our people.

It has recently been said by those who oppose the free coinage of silver, that if better prices are realized by the farmers, laborers and business men of this country during the next twelve months, that the clamor for the rehabilitation of silver will die out before the day of election.

All things which happen are produced by cause. Now the first thing to be considered is, what is the cause for this rise in commercial products. Are those articles less plentiful than they have been all along? Is the cotton supply less now than it was this time twelve months ago? Is there less wheat now than there was at this time last year? Are the iron deposits becoming exhausted? Are there less workmen to operate these industries than were to be had a year back, which has caused an advance in wages? We don't think that any of these questions can be successfully answered in the affirmative.

The cotton crop last year in this country was the largest that has ever been produced. The wheat crop was unprecedently large and no statistics have yet been produced to show that iron ore is becoming scarce in the bowels of the earth. No man we don't think will have the temerity to assert that there are less laborers now than there were one or two years ago. What then has caused the rise in products? Is there more money now in circulation than was several years ago? No one will assert that there is, not even the sophistical goldbug. Then what is the cause of this advance in prices? There is but one answer, and that is the currency controllers of England and the United States have raised prices for a purpose.

The six hundred millions of gold dollars in this country embracing the entire volume of redemption money in it under our present monetary system are in the hands of the currency controllers. The silver agitation now going on has produced a feeling of fear among the landsharks, that if something is not done to stay this rising tide of sentiment in favor of silver, that the white metal will again be made into money and that they will be unable to control the currency longer, and with it the seventy millions of people who use it. That is the cause of the rise in prices. There is no reason on the face of the earth for a healthy rise in the prices of products in this country. The whole thing is a trick and nothing more or less than a trick. If the toilers of the country can be lulled into passive indifference by a rise in prices put up by the very men who put prices down such will be (and has already been) done.

There is nothing to be lost by these money men in so doing, for a decline afterwards, when the people have been quieted, will give back to them all the loss that they have sustained by the temporary rise. No man who has studied the financial situation in this country will for one moment doubt the ability of monopoly to raise and depress prices.

It behooves the American laborer, if he ever hopes to have anything to live for, to use all the power with which his maker has endowed him to put down and keep down this gigantic moneyed monopoly.

The Servant Question.

From Harper's Weekly.

If in the elaborate scheme of a daughter's education a little time were given to a practical knowledge of household affairs, it would be found of inestimable service all through her life. Possibly the fault of which we complain does not lie so much with the servant as it does with the mistress. How can we expect our maids to know more than we know ourselves? They are very much like children, and they soon discover our ignorance, and impose upon us. Try to teach a child anything, and see how utterly impossible it is unless you yourself know thoroughly the subject you are trying to impart.

Another great trouble with the average young house-keeper is lack of system. Her education is doubtless at fault in this, and she has never learnt business principles. But one's house must be run with method if one wishes to run it satisfactorily. Inexperienced women make demands which are often quite impossible to be complied with, not realizing what work their domestics are doing at the moment, which must be neglected if their requests are regarded. Given a home, and a husband who provides the wherewithal to keep the home, it obviously becomes the wife's just thought to see that she does not neglect this duty, and that the work is carefully and properly done. This of course involves many petty worries and vexations, and countless irritations and annoyances, but undoubtedly the husband has quite as many cares in his every-day business. A servant's duties should be carefully explained to her, and each hour should find its appointed task. If this is neglected the mistress should not overlook the fault. A business man tells his clerk what he expects him to do, and if the clerk does not obey orders he is promptly discharged, unless some excellent and sufficient excuse is given. We women are much to apt to overlook little faults in our servants rather than scold them. We do the neglected work ourselves, which teaches no lesson, and is an exceedingly bad method. Obedience should be exacted, and *respect* follows closely after.

Phenominal Endurance.

When an English bicycle rider drove his "wheel" more than 460 miles in 24 hours, a year or two ago, in seemed as if the limit of human endurance must have been reached in that particular direction. Now, however, a Frenchman has covered the prodigious and altogether unprecedented distance of 515 miles in one day, and it may be that the end is not yet reached. That was a marvellous feat. It means an average speed, all day and all night, of almost 21½ miles an hour. The average time for every mile was a little less than 2 minutes and 47 seconds. That is to say, this long distance champion Huret, rode for 24 hours consecutively as fast as the time of many a winner in single mile races on American tracks. And for short distances we have the swiftest wheelman in the world.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Literary Notes.

Among Harper and Brothers publications for July are:

My Lady Nobody, a novel, by Maarten Maartens, author of "An Old Maid's Love," etc. This story, with splendid rapid movement, goes forward in two hemispheres, always intense, dramatic and strong. Once embarked on the rapid current of My Lady Nobody, the reader does not exist who will lay the book down until he reaches the last page. Ursula, the heroine, is a woman of rare nobility, of character, placed by fate in a position of touching difficulty. The accuracy of a photograph and the color and breadth of a painting are combined in the author's charming style.

The Veiled Doctor, a novel, by Varina Anne Jefferson Davis. There is an interest attached to the appearance of the "Daughter of the Confederacy" as a novelist which lies quite outside of the story itself; but it is only fair to Miss Davis to say that her work possesses a quality of strength and freshness. It is a story of ante-bellum days in Old Virginia, and the plot and action are of the purely emotional type.

Lord John Russell, by Stewart J. Reid. (The ninth volume of the "Queen's Prime Ministers.") This book is in some sense authoritative, since it has been written largely from papers in the possession of the widow of Earl Russell, who has also read and revised the proofs. Mr. Reid has also had the advantage of the advice and help of the Hon. Charles Gore and the Hon. George Eliot, private secretaries to Earl Russell, and other personal friends and relatives.

"'O, will he paint me the way I want,'
As bonny as a girlie,
Or will he paint me an ugly tyke,
And be d——d to Mr. Nerli
But still and on and which ever it is,
He is a canty Kerlie.
The Lord protect the back and neck
Of honest Mr. Nerli."

This, one of the last verses ever written by Robert Louis Stevenson, is in reference to the portrait of himself, which is given to the public with his verse for the first time in the July Cosmopolitan. The lines might have come from the pen of Burns, and are inimitable in their way. The portrait was declared by Stevenson himself to be the best ever painted of him. In this same number of The Cosmopolitan Rudyard Kipling tells an Indian story, to which Remington adds charming illustrations; Mrs. Burton Harrison makes a serious study of New York society in "The Myth of the Four Hundred," and Kate Douglas Wiggin contributes a story of one of the most delightful of Welsh retreats. The Cosmopolitan was with this number reduced to ten cents per copy, and as a consequence, notwithstanding its large edition it was "out of print" on the third day of publication.

A Voice from Philadelphia.

Atlanta Constitution.

The directors of the Manufacturers' Club of Philadelphia, declare that the position of the club on the currency question has been misrepresented and misunderstood, and they, therefore, deem it expedient to formally state the sentiments held by a large majority of the members.

The statement issued by the directors quotes the bimetalic planks of the last national republican and democratic conventions. The republican platform says:

"The American people from tradition and interest, favor bimetallism, and the republican party demands the use of both gold and silver as standard money."

The democratic platform has the following:

"We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country, and to the coinage of both gold and silver without discrimination against either metal, or charge for mintage."

The members of the club naturally take these utterances as a fair statement of the opinions of the mass of the American people, and they claim that there is almost, if not complete, unanimity of opinion in the belief that the use of both gold and silver under the double standard would be more beneficial to the American people. They furthermore urge our government by persuasion or the use of other means to induce other governments to agree to restore silver to its place as standard money.

The Manufacturers' Club is one of the most solid and influential business organizations in the country, and its public declaration in favor of bimetallism will have great weight. The friends of free silver will heartily indorse its position. By all means, let our government induce other governments to restore bimetallism by persuasion, if possible, and if this cannot be done, by other means, such, for instance, as the independent action of this country in the matter. We have always been on this line. Let us have voluntary international bimetallism, if we can get it, and, if not, let us lead the way with the confident assurance that considerations of mutual self-interest will cause other nations to speedily range themselves in line with us.

The Bimetallic League Challenges the Sound Money Men.

A. J. Warner, President of the American Bi-Metallic League, has written a letter to Hon. Charles S. Fairchild, chairman of the Committee on Sound Currency of the Reform Club, New York, in which he says:

"The Bimetallic League respectfully invites the committee on Sound Currency to a discussion of the money question on distinctive propositions to be agreed upon, and to be carried on by questions and answers.

"I would suggest that not more than five or less than three on a side be selected to conduct the discussion; the discussion to be held at such time and place as may be agreed upon.

"Should this suggestion meet your approval I would suggest a meeting to agree upon the proposition discussed and the regulations under which the discussion shall be conducted."

The First Knitting Machine.

Historic mention of hand knitting is first found in the books of the time of Queen Elizabeth, though it is known that it was one of the arts of the Pompeiians. The first machine for knitting was the invention of one William Lee, who made application for a patent in England in 1589. On being refused a patent by the English authorities, he forthwith departed for France and soon afterward set up a large factory at Rouen.

Mrs. J. P. Bell, Ossawatomie, Kan. wife of the editor of The Graphic, the leading local paper of Miami county, writes ***"I was troubled with heart disease*** for six years, severe palpitations, shortness of breath, together with such extreme nervousness, that, at times I would walk the floor nearly all night. We consulted the best medical talent. ***They said there was no help for me,*** that I had organic disease of the heart for which there was no remedy. I had read your advertisement in The Graphic and a year ago, as a last resort, tried one bottle of ***Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart,*** which convinced me that there was true merit in it. I took three bottles each of the Heart Cure and Restorative Nervine and ***It completely cured me. I sleep*** well at night, my heart beats regularly and I have no more smothering spells. I wish to say to all who are suffering as I did; there's relief untold for them if they will only give your remedies just one trial."

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

"JUST A FEW WORDS"

That some of the young men have to say who have ridden the

RAMBLER BICYCLE.

Messrs. A. J. Pemberton and Co.,

GENTLEMEN:

Replying to your favor of recent date

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., JULY 18, 1895.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

LET US HAVE AN ANSWER.

1. If, as the Republicans and Populists claim, we should not depend on the natural laws of industry and commerce for the regulation of the supply and the value of silver money, but upon the human and fallible judgment and fiat of the government, what in the name of common sense is the use of using any silver (other than small change) when a ton of bank-note paper can be bought for six pounds of silver?

2. The Republicans and Clevelandites say that the silver in each of the 500 millions of dollars now issued by the government is worth but 50 cents. That they controlled the nation's currency legislation is shown by the majority with which they passed the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law. The Democrats offered, then, to join them in passing supplemental laws to change this 50 cent dollar into a 100 cent dollar. They refused the offer, and have made no further effort to legislate on the subject. Do they (the Republicans and Clevelandites) think the 50 cent dollar which they have thus left the country in possession of, an "honest" dollar?

3. The anti-Vance papers promised in 1893 and 1894 that the democracy should not pass out of power before gold and silver were restored to equality before the law and to the position of standard moneys of the United States. Can they point to a single effort made by the President, or by Senator Ransom in the Senate, to carry out this solemn promise? The Congressional Record will show. Let us have the citation thereto.

4. If they are unable to show that Messrs. Cleveland and Ransom have made such effort, do they regard the present relations of our gold and (50 cent) silver dollars as satisfactory and honest?

5. If not, what is their plan for releasing the metals from their dishonest relationship?

THE TRUE DOCTRINE.

We observe that the Atlanta Constitution has taken the same view of Senator Bacon's admirable letter (printed in last week's OBSERVER) that we did. He lays down the same doctrine as that declared in the Raleigh platform of 1894, viz: restore the coinage of silver first; attend to the detail of the ratio afterwards.

The Constitution quotes this important paragraph from the letter:

"If it were practicable to fix the ratio of coinage by international agreement, all would prefer it as a speedy and stable settlement of the question; but there if no reasonable probability of such an agreement, and in its absence the plain, practical question is, shall we remain upon the single gold standard, with all of its untold evils, or will this great nation, with its vast undeveloped resources, and with its 70,000,000 of progressive people, go forward boldly and confidently in the settlement of the question for themselves?"

And proceeds to say:

"This is sound, just and logical. It is precisely the position taken by Mr. Carlisle in 1892, before he had permitted his judgment to be overruled by the undemocratic attitude of the man who made him secretary of the treasury. Mr. Carlisle declared that before the true ratio could be discovered the statutes by which silver had been outlawed would have to be repealed and the metal completely restored to its old place in our financial system.

Senator Bacon's advice to bimetallists is in the line of statesmanship—and statesmanship in its last analysis is the application of common sense to the theories and policies of government. He advises bimetallists to tuck their individual theories and plans in the waste basket and take their stand upon the broad and patriotic platform which demands the immediate restoration of silver to its old place in our financial system as money of final redemption. This platform dispenses with all theories and demands the restoration of a system under which the people were contented and prosperous, and under which the money dealers could not control the currency of the country. Referring to the complexion of the convention, Senator Bacon takes this broad and patriotic view:

"'Your convention is called as a bimetallic convention. Nevertheless I assume that all of those who will be present are either now, or have been in the past, members of the national democratic party; and I also assume that they are all now believers in the great principles of this party as they have been handed down to us by its honored founders. The fundamental principle of the democratic faith is that the organization and methods of practice of the government should be such as to secure to all equality of benefits, as well as equality of burdens. It requires that all should have equal opportunities, and condemns that which denies good to the many in order that an abundance may be enjoyed by the few. The single gold standard in its contraction of the volume of the money of final payment, in the concentration of overwhelming money power in the hands of the few, and in the dire consequences which necessarily flow from it, is at war with this fundamental democratic principle; but this vital democratic principle finds its harmony, as well as well as its illustration, in practical gold and silver bimetallism, which defeats the concentration of all money power in the hands of the few, and insures to all persons and sections the equal enjoyment of a sufficient and stable metallic currency.'

"This is broad guage democracy. There will not be a man in the Griffin convention who is not now, or who has not been in the recent past, a member of the national democratic party, and, among all the delegates, there will not be one who is not in profound sympathy with the fundamental principles of the democratic party. The men who call themselves populists in Georgia are those who have persuaded themselves that the democratic party, with which they have acted until within the past few years, would continue to be controlled by the selfish wing which has been subverted by the very element which controls the eastern republicans. That element is the bondholding and money lending class, which, having no political principles of any kind whatever, are satisfied to control the leading men of both parties.

"When the democratic party makes assurance doubly sure that it will stand for pure democratic principles not only in its platform, but in the record of its candidates, we shall hear no more of populism and third parties in the south and west."

HOW IS THIS?

The cuckoo journals in North Carolina claim that the advance of wages and improvement of business (at the North) is due to Mr. Cleveland's secret bond dicker with the Rothschild's. But the Northern democratic papers say otherwise. Listen to the New York World on "the New Campaign of Education":

The first campaign of education on the tariff was one of argument. It carried the country for reform, but had no practical effect because a Republican Senate blocked the way.

The present campaign of education is one of experience—the best schoolmaster. Logic may fail to convince, sophistries may deceive, eloquence may beguile, but object-lessons instruct. Hard acts are not easily got over. The country is seeing for itself the operation and effects of a tariff reformed in part, and the demonstration is more effective than all the speeches that were ever made or all the articles that were ever written.

Wool was made free, as it was for forty years in this country and has always been in every other manufacturing country in the world. The duties on woollen manufactures were correspondingly reduced. Are the farmers ruined? Are our woollen mills given over to the owls and the muskrats! Have wages gone down to the "pauper level of Europe?"

Quite the contrary. Within a fornight there has been an average rise in the price of wool of two cents a pound The price of sheep is increasing. Idle mills have started up on full time. Thirty-eight new factories were contracted for in the first six months of this year, against only seventeen in the same period last year. The wages of woollen operatives have been voluntarily increased from 10 to 12 per cent. And the people are getting more and better and cheaper clothing.

The duties on iron ore and on coal were reduced nearly one-half. The iron industry has not been so flourishing in years as it is to-day, and wages in it have everywhere advanced.

Tin ore was made free and the duty on tin plates reduced once-half. The industry is increasing and prospering as never before.

The duties on cottons were reduced. Seventy-three new mills were built or contracted for during the first half of this year. The great factories are running full time with increased wages.

The Evening Post of Monday printed a list of fifty manufacturing establishments, embracing some of the largest in the country, in which wages were reduced or work stopped within a year after the McKinley act went into effect, and in which wages have been increased from 10 to 15 per cent. in the first year of the new tariff. The World's lists have shown increases affecting 350,000 workmen since the 1st of April.

It can be safely said that the new campaign of education is educating.

NOW, WE HAVE IT.

The goldbugs have cornered themselves nicely at last. The Louisville correspondent of the Atlanta Journal, Secretary Hoke Smith's goldbug organ, telegraphs that paper, under date of the 13th as follows:

"The campaign will be an aggressive one and it will be fought out squarely on the platform laid down by the democratic state convention. The conference lasted until 11 o'clock this morning. The discussion that took place presented a great variety of opinions as to the proper policy to be pursued in the campaign. There is no encouragement for the suggestion to keep the currency question out of the campaign. The originators of that plan have nothing to say for it and it received little defense from any other quarter. Sound money men spoke resolutely against any attempt to put a false construction on the money plank in the platform.

"*Senator Blackburn declared that he proposed to stand on the platform and to give it his own construction, which was that it reaffirmed only the platform of* 1892.

"Senator Blackburn is said to have declared that he would not enter into any agreement to quit making currency speeches. The sound money men were unwilling to see the rest of the candidates silenced by an agreement, while Senator Blackburn was left free to attack the platform, with no one to defend it.

"The state executive committee adjourned without passing any resolution touching the currency question."

It would appear from this, taken in connection with the telegram of last week to the effect that Senator Blackburn had been asked to desist from speaking, that the Clevelandites repudiate the Chicago platform of 1892. Of course, we have known that, all along, but the issue wasn't made in such distinct terms before.

No true democrat can recognize Cleveland, Carlisle or Hoke Smith as other than bolters. Watch the State press. It isn't every man who cries silver that is on the side of silver.

THE DURHAM GLOBE.

We are delighted to welcome back to the ranks of journalism an old friend, Mr. R. H. Cowan, late Secretary of the Democratic State Executive Committee, who has revived the Durham Globe. Mr. Cowan is a clear and forcible writer and a politician of fine training and large experience.

Here is Mr. Cowan's salutatory:

"The Durham Globe appears to-day under entirely new management, and it is no affectation to say that we re-enter journalism with the same diffidence that we did fifteen years ago,—conscious as we are of the grave responsibility the position entails. The conduct of a Journal aiming at a high plane in politics, morals, and the ordinary affairs of life, and desirous of being honorable, just and conservative, at the same time aggressive where a principle is involved, imposes a most unusual task. Under such circumstances we may well ask that the intent may cover many short comings.

"In politics, it is hardly necessary to say to a central North Carolina constituency, The Globe will be Democratic; holding, as we do, that the highest welfare of the people is to be found in good government, based upon the time-honored principles of Democracy.

"To our brethren of the press, both old friends and new, we send greeting hopeing that we may in an humble way help to build up the waste places in North Carolina.

"The cardinal aim of The Globe will be the material advancement of Durham and the surrounding counties, and its columns will ever be open to any one having that object in view."

CURRENT COMMENT.

The administrationists must feel themselves to be in a pretty shakey way when compelled to resort to the publication of that maudlin letter about "one grand, sweet song" which a Georgia goldbug lunatic claims he has permission from the Great Bolter to publish.

* * *

The Ransomites in this State seem to be catching it "in the neck," in certain directions. Let the people watch developments. We may yet be able to demonstrate some interesting things concerning the attempt to disrupt the democratic party—that attempt which began in this State in 1892; which Mr. Cleveland assisted so powerfully when he asked the aid of republicans at the extra session to carry through his anti-platform views on the money question; and which he is working his 200,000 henchmen so assiduously now to accomplish.

* * *

For two or three weeks the democratic press has been ducking its head again. Last week they began to take courage. Now let them move upon the Cleveland-Ransom-Republican-Populist 50 cent dollar and fiat upholders, along the whole line. The Democrats are for honest money, lawful money, hard money, the money enjoined by the supreme law of the land: gold and silver on a parity. Cleveland and the Republicans, Ransom and the Populists, are for continuing the present doctrine of fiat money. Now that the Democracy has caught its breath after chasing the wrong party, it perceives that the Clevelandites and Ransomites have been working the old dodge of "stop thief."

* * *

Last week we called attention to the muzzling of the voice of the North Carolina democracy on the silver question through the retention by Minister Ransom of his place as national committeeman for North Carolina. That reminds us to ask if anybody saw in any of the New York papers of May 21st and May 22nd the slightest allusion, telegraphic or otherwise, to the action of the North Carolina Democratic Executive Committee on the night of the 20th of May at Raleigh? We did not, though searching Times, World, Herald, Sun, &c., diligently. The action of North Carolina was kept out of the papers, outside of the State, as far as possible, lest it offset the false news the goldbugs were propagating for effect on Kentucky.

GOLDBUGS UNABLE TO REPLY.

They "Lie Down," Like the Ransom Organs in This State.

Atlanta Constitution.]

The New York State Bankers' Convention met in Saratoga last Thursday, and as these institutions are in the main bound to the wheel of the Wall street juggernaut, a resolution was offered in opposition to the free coinage of silver. In that large gathering the people had one friend—and that friend was and is one of the most prominent and successful bankers of New York city—Mr. William P. St. John, president of the Mercantile National bank. Speaking to the anti-free coinage resolution Mr. St. John said:

Alone, if not supported, I must oppose this resolution. Convictions which antagonize it forbid me to acquiesce in its adoption.

I spent six of a ten years' research into the world's experience of money in eager pursuit of facts with which to substantiate the assumptions and allegations on which this resolution rests. I am satisfied that truth told accurately will not substantiate it.

The repeal of the so-called "Sherman act" linked the United States practically with all Europe to the unified attempt at one time to base the money of all upon one commodity—gold; to restrict all increase of money to the little yearly new supply of gold that the arts and India do not absorb. On estimates of statisticians whom my opponents honor, about one-third only of the annual production of gold is thus available for money. Hence, to fasten this attempt upon the United States and bind the expansive energies of our seventy millions of people by such a restriction upon their money would seem to me to welcome peril if not to court disaster.

Some recoveries in prices from the great depression which seemed to culminate last year are reported and more seem likely. Nevertheless, my profound conviction is that to grant again to silver the right of transition into money at the will of its possessor, while continuing that grant to gold, is essential to the well-founded prosperity of the United States.

The assumption, under present and prospective conditions in the trading world, that the re-opening of the mints of the United States to silver would banish gold is no better founded on experience than was that identical prediction with which the "Bland-Allison" act was threatened in 1878 and which was put to scorn by the experience of the United States in the subsequent twelve years. Instead of our expelling gold as the result of that enactment we gained gold, beginning with the following year, until the aggregate sum of gold attracted from abroad approached $300,000,000.

In this connection I am prepared to prove in detail that our coinage act of 1792 did not demonetize and banish gold; that our coinage act of 1834 did not demonetize and banish silver; that excessive issues of bank notes supplanted much of both metals during both these periods, and much of both in each period was exported in settlement of our debit balances in foreign trade.

It is worthy of note that the New York State Bankers' Association did not ask Mr. St. John to furnish the proof. On the contrary, the members sat there with their fingers in their mouths and said nothing. They said nothing because they had nothing to say. There was not one in all that goldbug contingent ready to challenge St. John's statements or willing to draw out the facts which he had in reserve. They sat mute, so far as the challenge was concerned, and proceded to adopt the cut-and-dried resolution which had been concocted in the back parlor of the Rothschild agency in New York.

[Mr. St. John is a native of Mobile, Alabama, where his elder brother, who is Secretary of the Cotton Exchange of that city, still resides. It is an old banking family of Mobile, and his education there, no doubt accounts for Mr. William P. St. John's sound views on finance.—OBS.]

Ought to Have Defeated Bacon.

A Washington telegram of July 10th says:

"The sound money men, realizing that the Senate has been the stronghold of the silver cause, are planning to elect sound money Senators in place of silver Senators, and where that is not practicable, to change the silver Senators for new men who will be less valuable to the silver cause. They cannot effect much of a change during the next Congress, but they expect to increase the number of sound money Senators on the fourth of March, 1897, when the terms of a number of silver Senators expire. Secretary Carlisle is then expected to succeed Senator Blackburn from Kentucky, and Secretary Hoke Smith is expected to succeed General Gordon from Georgia. Governor Oates, of Alabama, who is now in Washington, expects to succeed Senator Pugh, the most bigoted of the Southern silver Senators, and there is a hope of sending new men in the places of Dubois, of Idaho, Mitchell, of Oregon, and Hansbrough, of North Dakota."

The Hon. Hoke should have put in a gold man last year, when Bacon was elected. From the way the new Georgia Senator has been talking lately, it appears that the Secretary of the Interior didn't win such a goldbug victory in Georgia as he claimed at the time. On the contrary, quite the reverse.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Siler City Gleanings.

Correspondence of the Observer.]

SILER CITY, N. C., July 15, 1895.

There is a dearth of news this week, as the people are busy, and the farmers are taking advantage of the beautiful weather, and giving their attention to their crops, thus our merchants have ample time to discuss the political situation of to-day.

We are going to have a new hotel, it is to be erected by Mrs. A. S. Henderson, and will have all the modern improvements, and when completed will add much to the beauty of our town.

Dr. J. D. Edward's new residence is completed, and he will move into it to-day.

The carpenters are busy erecting houses for the operatives, and expect to have them completed by September, and this addition will enlarge our population about one hundred.

Mr. Geo. W. Coble is convalescent, and is now able to be out again.

Rev. K. C. Horner occupied the pulpit of the Baptist Church Sunday morning, and Rev. E. W. Fox Sunday night. Their sermons were excellent, and were filled with good advice to all.

The committee who has charge of arrangements for the reunion of the Confederates on Aug. 1st, met Saturday afternoon and appointed a soliciting committee of five for Siler, viz: Mesdames B. N. Mann, A. C. Jordan, D. G. Fox, R. C. Siler and Miss Emma Coble.

They also issued a call for a mass meeting of the citizens and farmers, to be held at this place next Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock, to perfect arrangements for that occasion.

The farmers are going to tender a barbecue to the Confederates on that day, so judging from indications, they will have as fine a public dinner as has ever been served in Chatham. There will be a large crowd present, and even some of the old Confederates of Chatham that now reside in Tennessee, are coming, so it will be a reunion indeed, and we would be delighted to have some of our ex Confederates of Cumberland, who fought so valiantly for the cause of the Sunny South to come up and spend that day with us. The invitation is sanctioned by all, and if you will honor us with your company, we promise you a hearty welcome, a good dinner and a fervent handshake from our Chathamites.

It is rumored that a new company will be incorporated at an early date to erect a cotton factory on a much larger scale than the present, and we fully realize now that our little town has a future in store for herself.

The Thompson school was awarded 1000 catalogues at the State Fair last fall for the finest school exhibit in the State, but due to the falling off of the gate receipts, the association were unable to pay the premium, but Col. Jule Carr has come forward, and offered to pay for catalogues, so our school will have a handsome premium catalogue this year.

An excursion will pass through here on Friday en route for Wilmington. It is under the auspices of the cotton factory managers on the C. F. and Y. V., and expect to carry fifteen coaches.

The number of excursions that are passing this point are not indicative of hard times. But displays forethought and wisdom on the part of the laboring class, as a day of recreation is an excellent panacea for them, and gives new vigor with which to execute their work.

Prof. N. E. Cox, principal of Commercial College here, has been tendered a flattering offer by the school at High Point, and is thinking of accepting it. He has the reputation of being the finest penman in the State, and if he leaves, it will be impossible to fill his place.

The Sunday-school conference of Siler City circuit will convene in the M. E. Church at this place on August 10th, and Miss Minnie Willis, of Fayetteville, has kindly consented to take charge of the organ for that day, and that insures us of excellent music for the occasion. Topics of vital importance will be discussed by able Sunday-school workers, and it will be both an interesting and instructive event.

Miss Lizzie Cole, of Jonesboro, N. C., is visiting her cousin, Miss Mabel Hadley.

A large number of our people will attend the District Conference at Jonesboro next week.

Death again settled in our midst on the 5th, and threw its mantle around one of our most promising and popular young men. Thomas Troy Guthrie, the third son of Mr. J. B. Guthrie, being the one to answer to the call. He had only been sick nine days, and though he suffered excruciating pain, he bore it with christian fortitude, and when the summons came that morning at 5 A. M., he responded "all is well," and his spirit was wafted over the river to that celestial home on high, by the angels that had watched over his couch that night.

Tom was loved and esteemed by all, and had just returned home from Trinity College, to spend the vacation, preparatory to joining conference this fall, but the great Bishop seeing his faithfulness as a steward, gave him an eternal appointment.

His funeral obsequies were held in the M. E. Church on Saturday, July 6th, at 2 P. M., and addresses on the life and character of deceased were made by Revs. Sell, Stamey, Mann and Fox, each stating that he was a christian of the purest type, and had led an exemplary life.

After the services at the church, his remains were conveyed to the cemetery and laid in their last resting place by the Masons of which Tom was a member. Thus has passed away one of our truest, best and most consecrated young men, and to-day he is receiving the glorious reward for the work he executed so well here.

"ROBIN ADAIR."

Hope Mills Notes.

Correspondence of the Observer.

HOPE MILLS, July 1895.

News of interest here since the 4th inst., has been very scarce, however, the Mayor's court was a pretty live place yesterday, there being several cases on docket, most of whom were indicted for failure or refusal to assist Constable Graham in arresting a man. All were fined five dollars and cost, but nearly all appealed to court.

Mr. G. W. Cole and Miss Lillie Hamilton were married Tuesday at the residence of Mr. David Smith, Rev. J. S. Black, officiating.

Miss Mamie Campbell, of the Gulf, is visiting her brother, Mr. W. D. Campbell, who is agent for the C. F. & Y. V. at this place.

Rev. Mr. Eldridge closed quite an interesting meeting here Sunday night. It was his first visit here, and he made a good impression.

Rev. J. C. Crumpler, of the Baptist Church, and Rev. P. R. Law, of Rockfish Presbyterian Church, each filled their respective pulpits Sunday.

The Hope Mills manufacturing Co. paid off Tuesday, and the throwing of between four and five thousand dollars into circulation, will make things a little easier financially for the next thirty days. This amount is in addition to all the trading done at the company stores during the month.

Mr. S. H. Cotton returned Saturday from a business trip to Philadelphia.

There is to be an excursion from here to Wilmington on the 10th of August for the benefit of all the Sunday Schools here and in the vicinity. The rates are very low, and a large crowd is expected.

There is on exhibition at the post office a rattle snake killed by Mr. R. A. Godwin, of 71st. His snakeship is five feet, eleven inches in length, has eight rattles and a button.

Correspondent hopes to give you a more interesting letter next time, and as this is his first attempt to write to your valuable paper, he wishes his letter to have one redeeming quality—that of brevity. X.

Gray's Creek Items.

Correspondence of the Observer.

It was the pleasure of your correspondent to visit many of the farms in Gray's Creek Township during the past week and we were truly glad to see that the crops have greatly improved during the past thirty days. We would call special attention to the beautiful and well cultivated farms of Messrs. S. M. Evans, Jas. A. Gainey, Jas. Thames, Daniel W. Marsh, W. H. Marsh and many others. We were glad to see large increase in the acreage of corn, while the acreage in cotton is much smaller than last year.

Quite a large Sunday-school Convention met at Marvin church last Sunday. The good people of Bladen, Robeson and Cumberland met together and spent the day very pleasantly, with a splendid dinner prepared by the hospitable farmers in that section which was enjoyed by many of us. Addresses were made by Dr. J. W. McNeill, Messrs. S. C. Rankin and James Evans of your town, and Mr John B. Williams and Mr. Riddle, of Gray's Creek. They all made good talks, and we hope will do much good. We were delighted with the many able addresses made, but most especially with the talk of Mr. John B. Williams.

We were delighted to see so many young lady visitors visiting this section this summer. Among the number were: Miss Pope, of Charleston, S. C., and Miss Allen, of Virginia, who are visiting Miss Jean Evans; Miss Minnie Sloan, of Jonesboro, Miss Moore, of Burgaw, and Miss Ella Green of Fayetteville, are visiting the hospitable home of Miss Maggie and Kate Gainey near Sherwood.

Miss Kate Gainey has returned to her home from Clio, S. C., where she has been engaged in teaching music for the past year. A.

Cornelia Items.

CORNELIA, N. C., July 15, 1895.

MR. EDITOR:—On last Friday in the forenoon we had refreshing showers which did crops good. We think that rain water is the best fertilizer known to man. If farmers would manage their crops so as to get the full benefit of the rain water they would reap a more bountiful harvest.

There are but few orchards in this vicinity old enough to bear fruit, and these are laden with it. It was feared that a good portion of apples and peaches would fall off the trees, but the fruit is now nearly matured, so we need not fear any damage from that source.

On the 8th inst., little Ida A., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. McMillan, fell to the ground from the piazza, striking her left leg at or near the knee, which deprived her of the use of her left leg in walking. It is not thought that any bones were broken. She is getting better at present, and we hope she will soon be able to walk. Ida is a lovely and intelligent little girl.

Mr. J. A. Gainey is at home on a visit.

Miss Mattie Brown, of Wilmington, N. C., is visiting her sister Mrs. Sallie Bain and other friends in this vicinity.

Mrs. M. J. Royall and her daughter Miss R. I. Royall, have fully recovered from their illness. They are both amiable ladies, and we would be glad to see them out in society again.

If the ladies of Cumberland county succeed in erecting a monument to the memory of the Confederate dead soldiers, they should not overlook their grandmas, mothers, wives, aunts, sisters and daughters who prayed and toiled incessantly for the soldiers during the war. Please be kind enough to give those noble women of Cumberland County the space for one little marble slab in that monument.

D. D. BAIN.

The Wilmington Dispatch against the Mayor of Wilmington.

[Wilmington Star, July 14.]

Mayor S. H. Fishblate has brought an action for criminal libel against Mr. R. K. Bryan, editor, and Mr. J. W. Meacham, city editor of the "Evening Dispatch."

He filed an affidavit with Magistrate W. N. Harriss yesterday afternoon in which he charged Messrs. Bryan and Meacham with defamation of character.

The following is the affidavit:

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, County of New Hanover.

State vs. J. W. Meacham. } before W. N. Harriss, J. P.

Personally appeared before me, S. H. Fishblate, who being duly sworn makes oath that on or about the 11th day of July A. D., 1895, in the county of New Hanover, with force and arms, maliciously and falsely intending to defame the said S. H. Fishblate, and to bring him into hatred and contempt among the citizens of this State, did then and there publish certain false, scandelous, libelous writings of and against the said S. H. Fishblate falsely, and maliciously frame, write and make and then did cause to be published in the form of a local editorial in the Evening Dispatch, a daily newspaper published in the city of Wilmington, county of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, of which paper the said Meacham is editor and reporter, the substance of which was as follows: "Some years ago Mayor Fishblate gave in his taxes as a merchant. He made oath that his stock was worth $5,000. Not long after that a mysterious fire occurred in his place of business. We do not contend that he set fire to the store, as there is no positive evidence to that effect. He did not, however, lose anything by that fire. In the final adjustment of the matter with the insurance companies he received $28,000 in cold cash and $5,000 or $6,000 in damaged stock," contrary to the form of the statute in such cases made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the State.

[Seal] S. H. FISHBLATE."

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 13th day of July, A. D., 1895.

W. N. HARRISS, J. P.

Warrants were issued and the defendants were arrested by Deputy Sheriff King about 1 o'clock p. m. and taken before Magistrate Harriss, when they gave bond in the sum of $1,000 each for their appearance at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon. Col. Thos. W. Strange and Mr. John T. Rankin became sureties on both bonds.

The case cannot come up for trial before a Judge and jury until the September term of the Superior Court, when Judge Green will preside.

Counsel for Mayor Fishblate are Messrs. Marsden Bellamy & Son, Rieaud & Weill and Herbert McClammy.

The attorneys for the defendants are Col. A. M. Waddell and Thomas W. Strange.

[Wilmington Dispatch, July 13.]

The citizens of Wilmington say that the Dispatch shall have all the money it needs for the defense of the libel suit instituted by Mayor Fishblate. It is a fine thing to have the people on your side. Thanks. But we do not need any defense money.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Weekly Weather Crop Bulletin.

The reports of correspondents of the Weekly Weather Crop Bulletin, issued by the North Carolina State Weather Service, for the week ending Saturday, July 13, 1895, though generally favorable, indicate that the week was a little too cool and that rain is needed, especially in the central portions of the State. On the last four days the temperature was considerably below the normal, averaging in the central portion a deficiency of five degrees daily. The sky was generally cloudy or hazy. Favorable showers occurred on four days, which yielded the largest amount of rain-fall in the east, sufficient in places to make crops very grassy. It is very dry at most places in the Central District, though no serious injury is yet reported. Curing tobacco has begun in the Eastern District. Corn is going to be one of the finest crops ever harvested.

EASTERN DISTRICT.—There was a peculiar irregularity in the distribution of rain-fall this week, many counties reporting too much rain and want of sunshine, others in between reporting rain still needed. Excepting the deficiency in temperature during the last four days, which slightly retarded progress which crops might have made, the week was favorable. Cotton continues small, but is looking well, and is making weed almost too rapidly in the south; blooms are increasing; lice are still doing a little damage. Tobacco is growing up fast, with great improvement in appearance; a few farmers have commenced curing. Peanuts are looking fine, though small in places, and will soon receive last working. Rice is doing well. Melons are nearly ripe, but to some extent are not as good as last year. Fruit is small.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

PETER HENDERSON'S TURNIP SEEDS have taken the lead and will hold it. They never disappoint. For sale by H. R. HORNE.

"ANTI SKEET" TABLETS FOR DESTROYING Mosquitoes, Moths, etc., in a pleasant and harmless aroma. 10c. a box at MCDUFFIE'S DRUG STORE.

THE BEST ICE CREAM, ANY FLAVOR—Vanilla, Lemon, Strawberry, Chocolate, Banana made to order. Orders for Cream for Sunday must be given on Saturday. C. M. WATSON, successor to Street & Son, Hay St.

ICE CREAM AND CAKE SERVED AT MY Parlors daily. C. M. WATSON, successor to Street & Son, Hay Street.

TO THE PEOPLE OF FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.—We have arranged with Mr. J. R. Hiatt, to handle our milk. It will be shipped to him fresh every day, and you will find it first-class in every respect. Very respectfully,

RIVERSIDE FARM,
Ore Hill, N. C.

The **INDUSTRIA CUBANA**, a genuine Cuban hand-made Key West, unflavored, long Havana filled, 5 cent cigar. Also my usual line of choice brands, including "After Hours," "Saborosa," Straiton & Storms' "Principe," Traylor's "Conqueror," "Little Solon Shingle," etc, etc. For sale by H. R. HORNE.

Credit to Hood's

It Cured All My Afflictions.

Mr. Joseph Ford
Ridge Church, Va.

"For ten years I have suffered terribly from general debility, and last winter was attacked so bad with kidney trouble, enlargement of spleen and heart disease, suffering great pain in my back, hips and legs. I read about Hood's Sarsaparilla, I bought one bottle and began taking it

Hood's *Sarsaparilla* **Cures**

After the first bottle I felt so much better that I decided to continue and have taken over six bottles. Today my health is better than it has been for more than a decade. I have no kidney, heart or spleen difficulty, and am in duty bound to give Hood's Sarsaparilla the credit of curing my afflictions." JOSEPH FORD, Ridge Church, Virginia.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with Hood's Sarsaparilla and are gentle, mild and effective.

Did You Ever Think

That you cannot be well unless you have pure rich blood? If you are weak, tired, languid and all run down, it is because your blood is impoverished and lacks vitality. These troubles may be overcome by Hood's Sarsaparilla because Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure, rich blood. It is, in truth the great blood purifier.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

To make your business pay, good health is a prime factor. To secure good health, the blood should be kept pure and vigorous by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. When the vital fluid is impure and sluggish, there can be neither health, strength nor ambition.

Japanese Liver Pellets are an infallible specific for constipation, biliousness and sick headache. Small pill. Fifty doses, 25 cts. For sale by King Bros., Fayetteville, N. C.

Pimples, blackheads, freckles, tan and sunburn removed. That oily and rough skin cured and the face and hands beautified by Johnson's Oriental Soap. Medicinal and toilet, two large cakes, 25 cts. For sale by King Bros., Fayetteville, N. C.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drugstore.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs. If the Liver be inactive you have a Bilious Look, if your stomach be disordered you have a Dyspeptic Look, and if your Kidneys be affected you have a Pinched Look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alterative and Tonic; acts directly on these vital organs. Cures Pimples, Blotches, Boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store, 50c. per bottle.

Every business man should have it in his office; it is an invaluable companion—"The Rand-McNally Railway Guide."

Mrs. Anna Gage, wife of Ex-Deputy U. S. Marshal,

Columbus, Kan., says:

"I was delivered of **TWINS** in less than 20 minutes and with scarcely any pain after using only two bottles of

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

DID NOT SUFFER AFTERWARD.

Sent by Express or mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle. Book "TO MOTHERS" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Save Your Money.

One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors' bills They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels.

No Reckless Assertion

For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse

TUTT'S Liver PILLS

R. M. NIMOCKS, Fayetteville, N. C.
E. M. WELLS, Man'g'r Wil. Branch.

THE Carolina Cooperage and Veneer Co.

TRUCKERS WHO DESIRE

Shipping Packages, Crates, Barrels, &c.,

will do well to place their orders at once with A. S. HUSKE, who is authorized Agent, Fayetteville, N. C.

4-25-95

AVOID Bulk Soda!

Bad soda spoils good flour.

Pure soda—the best soda, comes only **in packages.**

bearing this trade mark

It costs no more than inferior package soda—never spoils the flour—always keeps soft. Beware of imitation trade marks and labels, and **insist on packages**

bearing these words—

ARM AND HAMMER SODA

Made only by CHURCH & CO., New York. Sold by grocers everywhere.

Write for Arm and Hammer Book of valuable Recipes—FREE.

NIMOCKS & COOK,

INSURANCE.

AT COST!

WE HAVE A LOT OF FINE

Bed Lounges at our New Store

WHICH WE WILL SELL *AT COST.* WE NEED THE ROOM AND MONEY WORSE THAN THE LOUNGES.

Also a Lot of Hall Racks and Refrigerators

JUST RECEIVED, WHICH WE WILL SELL AT FIGURES TO SUIT THE TIMES. THEY MUST BE SOLD.

Come and see us at once.

Respectfully,

S. SHEETZ & SONS.

ASSIGNEE'S CLOSING SALE

—OF—

SUMMER DRY GOODS.

E. J. Lilly is determined

—TO CLOSE OUT ALL OF THE—

Strictly Summer Goods

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION IN THE STOCK

OF ROSE & LEAK.

The cost of an article will not be considered as these goods must be converted into CASH

BLACK GOODS.

In this line you can buy for half its value as the following quotation of prices will attest:

50 cts. all-wool Tamise, one yard wide. 37½
75 " " " " " 56¼
80 " " " 40 inches wide. 40

The above goods are especially adapted for summer dresses and are considered very much cooler than lawns.

Also a full line of Nun's Veiling at half price.

ALL-WOOL GRENADINE

in stripe and plaids for 37½c. former price 90c.

FIGURED ORGANDIES.

A beautiful line of the above goods will be closed at 9 cts. These goods are sold everywhere at 15 cts. A cheaper grade for only 5 cts.

Did it ever occur to you that a nice Ladies' Gauze Vest could be bought for 5 cts.

Who ever dreamed of buying an ALL-SILK Vest for 50 cts.; half Silk at 37½ cts., and a lovely quality of Lisle Thread at 25 cts. former price 50 cts.

CHILDREN'S NEWPORT TIES and SLIPPERS

at exactly half price.

These goods were marked in conformity with our one price cash system, and when you are asked half that price for a nice Bronze, Tan or Black Slipper you will know that it is being **SLAUGHTERED.**

LADIES' TAN OXFORDS.

Old price $2 50, will be closed at $1.25

Only a few pairs of them left, so come early.

THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD.

E. J. LILLY, Assignee

OF ROSE & LEAK.

You Will Be Surprised

at the delightful effect that

ROYAL SALAD DRESSING, CELERY PEPPER, CELERY SALT, ROYAL AND EMPIRE SAUCES

have on beef, chicken and all kinds of meats. FRESH LOT of EVAPORATED PEARS, PEACHES, APPLES and PRUNES; L. L. FIGS, FINE CANDIES, CHOCOLATE, PIE PEACHES, PIE APPLES, PINEAPPLES; CORN AND TOMATOES, COCOANUTS; FINE CREAM CHEESE, BOQUET BUTTER, PICKLES BY THE COUNT; ORANGES AND LEMONS; CAKES AND CRACKERS; LAG. AND RIO COFFEE, TEA, HAMS, DRIED BEEF, MULLETS, FLOUR, MEAL, &c., at

C. W. ELLIOTT & CO'S.

R. T. THOMAS,

successor to A. Deaver.

Butcher of Select Cattle,

Mutton and Pork in Season.

By conducting a first-class business in the section of the Market House recently vacated by the city fire department, I will strive to MERIT A SHARE OF THE PATRONAGE IN MY LINE.

Respectfully,

R. T. THOMAS

3-14-95

I beg to announce that I have been appointed by Mr. I. W. Harper, the famous Distiller, of Nelson County, Ky., Agent, for his superb Hand Made Sour Mash Whisky.

This announcement is of import

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....JULY 18, 1895.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Manager.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Weekly one year (in advance).....$2 00
Weekly six months (in advance).....1 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication. Four weeks constitute a month.

☞ The Editor of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ Notices of church and society and all other entertainments from which revenue is to be derived will be charged for at the rate of five cents a lined.

☞ The sum of not less than five cents per line will be charged for "cards of thanks," "resolutions of respect" and obituary poetry, also for obituary notices other than those which the editor himself shall give as a matter of news.

Schedule of Mails at Post Office, Fayetteville, N. C.

	Arrival.	Departure.	Clo'g of Mails.
C. F. & Y. V. R. R.			
North Bound.	10:55 a m	10:57 a m	10:27 a m
South Bound.	9:30 p m	9:30 p m	9:00 p m
North Bound.	4:25 p m	4:25 p m	4:05 p m
South Bound.	12:51 a m	12:51 a m	9:00 p m
A. & Y. V. R. R.			
North Bound.	12:15 p m	12:45 p m	12:15 p m
South Bound.	2:15 p m	2:45 p m	2:15 p m
Fayetteville Div.	10:55 a m	4:35 p m	4:10 p m
River Line.	Thurs & Sat.	Mon & Wed	
From Wilm'g'n	4:00 p m	8:00 a m	7:30 a m
Sea Routes.	Wed & Sat	Tues & F	
Mails Made.	6:00 p m	7:00 a m	6:30 a m
Wilmington Arrive.	Tuesday.	Thursday.	Saturday.
	11:00 a m	11:00 a m	11:00 a m
Depart.	12:00 m	12:00 m	12:00 m
	7:30 p m	7:00 a m	6:30 a m

☞ Daily except Sunday.

E. H. HENDERSON, P. M.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.
D. J. RAY—Notice.
LIDDELL COMPANY—Engines.
Colo. T. J. DREWRY—Fayetteville Military Academy.
H. R. HORNE—Peter Henderson's Turnip Seeds—Special.
A. Q. HOLLADAY—North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

The Editor of the OBSERVER is attending the Press Convention at Greensboro.

Everybody is expected to eat dinner with the Firemen to-day.

Mr. H. R. Horne was elected Secretary and Mr. A. J. Cook, Treasurer of the Pharmaceutical Association at its meeting in Morehead last week.

The Shemwell trial was the topic of interest in this city last week. The verdict of not guilty was a great surprise.

We acknowledge the receipt of a basket of magnificent tomatoes grown by Mr. A. Girard, on Haymount. The tomatoes will average a pound a piece.

The Messrs. Fitzell are experimenting with a second crop of Irish potatoes. Their first crop was a fine one and the second they think will be equally as good.

Vice President St. John, of the Seaboard Air Line, denies the statement that that system has been sold to the Southern Railroad Company. The report created considerable excitement in this city.

The State Agricultural and Mechanical College is rapidly growing in public favor. Last year, though only six years old, the College enrolled two hundred and forty students. This is, we believe, a more rapid growth than any other institution in the State has ever made. Its announcement appears in this issue.

Six young colored bucks were before the Mayor Saturday, charged with disturbing and breaking up a colored church festival which was being held in Pine Park, Redbone, Friday night. It is said that they made an attempt to secure the money box but it was frustrated. They were fined from five to ten dollars apiece.

Three colored persons (one a woman) were lodged in jail Tuesday charged with assault and battery. They attacked two white men at Duke's saw mill in Quewhiffle Township, about the discharge of a colored hand. The woman nearly killed one of the men by striking him on the head with a stick.

Mr. E. A. Remsburg, clarionette soloist, and Mr. Edna Sheetz, Euphonium soloist, of the famous Big Six Band go to Raleigh to-morrow to assist the Independent Band of that city in a concert in the Park that night. On Saturday they accompany the same band on an excursion to Littleton. We know that these two gentlemen will do themselves and Fayetteville credit by their visit.

University Catalogue.

The University catalogue for 1894-'95 shows 471 students, as follows: 317 in the College, 78 in the Law School, 26 in the Medical School and 59 in the Summer School for Teachers. The faculty embraces 35 professors and instructors. The catalogue contains 114 pages, is carefully indexed and gives full information about the University. Write for copy to President Winston, Chapel Hill, N. C.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the OBSERVER offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should a newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the OBSERVER not stamped, he should be promptly reported at this office.

Deputy Sheriff Autry discovered last Thursday that another wholesale jail delivery was being attempted. He made a minute examination of the cells, and found that a concerted movement was being made in three of them by the inmates, to escape. They had signals by which they would commence and quit work, &c. Capt. Autry says that he got enough splinters out of the three cells to make a large size fire. There are fourteen prisoners in jail now.

Mr. E. A. Brown, a popular employe of the Southern Express Company at Wilmington, spent a day in the city last week.

Fireman's Day.

To day (Thursday) is to be a regular Fireman's day, as it seems all of our people are determined to show their appreciation of the services of our volunteer firemen. In order to raise a fund to enable the racing team to be properly represented at Newbern this year, they propose the following programme for to day:

From 12 to 3 P. M. a business man's dinner at the Overbaugh dining rooms, under the auspices of twenty five of our most popular matrons, young ladies and misses.

The following bill of fare will be served:

Roast Pig.
North Carolina Ham. Fried Spring Chicken.
Sandwiches.
Cold Slaw, Sliced Tomatoes, Pickled Beets.
Potato and Chicken Salad. Pickles.
Bread, Crackers, Buns, Biscuits.
Lemon Pies, Custards and Ice Cream.
Cakes and Ices.
Fruit.
Iced Tea and Hot Coffee.
PRICE 50 CENTS.

At 5 P. M. the two hose reel teams will compete for efficiency. Both teams will be required at the tap of the fire alarm to run the same distance on main streets to different hydrants, connect, lay the same quantity of hose and put out a fire in the street, started for the purpose. First water on fire to prove the winner. Judges—Mayor W. S. Cook, Col. J. A. Pemberton and Sheriff Geddie.

This will be followed by a fine water display, after which four picked men from each team will contest for water endurance, gradually increasing size of stream from 1 to 2 inches, and advancing until one or the other succumbs.

Next a half dozen fine melons will be given to the "coon" who will gallantly take them from the middle of the street, while the firemen are keeping them cool.

The whole to be followed by an Ice Cream, Cake and Pleasure Festival at Headquarters on Green street, from 8 till 12 P. M.

Everybody is invited, and it looks like everybody is going.

The racing team, selected from both No. 1 and No. 2, are getting themselves in fine shape for the State Tournament at Newbern in August.

Roll of Fire Teams:

No. 1.—John Roddick, Captain; W. M. McKethan, Sandy McGeachy, J. S. McNeill, H. McDonald, J. Faircloth, Sandy Brown, W. J. Johnson, R. H. Dye, D. G. McKethan, W. R. Hawkins, Walter McRae, Clarence Vann.

No. 2.—Carl Ledbetter, Captain; Geo. Brandt, W. B. Johnson, David Jones, Chas. Elliott, Roy McDuffie, John Monaghan, H. A. Rankin, D. S. McRae, H. H. Preston, W. H. Haigh, Eugene Watson, P. B. Tomlinson.

A Narrow Escape.

A runaway occurred on Tuesday afternoon, which, but for the self-possession and pluck of a fair driver, would have resulted either fatally or in a lamentable accident.

About 3 or 4 o'clock Mrs. A. H. Slocomb, accompanied by Miss Kate Alderman, drove up Hillsboro street; and, just on turning into Rowan street, the horse took fright at a pile of cross ties, rearing and plunging unmanageably, and attempting to whirl about and run back down Hillsboro street. Miss Alderman jumped out safely, but Mrs. Slocomb was thrown down into the front part of the vehicle and her foot was slightly mashed between the wheels. She held to the reins, and, by great effort, managed to reseat herself, braced her feet against the dash-board until she fairly bent it in, and controlled the frightened animal in against the fence running toward Robinson's Creek. She well deserved the encomium of the old colored man who ran to the horse's head: "Mrs. Slocomb, I thought you was dead, but you shoorely *is* got grit!"

She drove the horse home, and was able to receive the guests at the Lawn party that evening with her wonted gracious hospitality and charming animation.

C. F. & Y. V. R'w'y Co.

For the following occasions the C. F. & Y. V. R'w'y Company will sell low price round trip tickets:

Meeting Durham Primitive Baptist Association, Reidsville, August 3 6. Tickets on sale August 2nd and 3rd; final limit August 7th.

District Conference M. E. Church South, Southport July 24 30. Fare from Fayetteville, $4.05; Maxton, 4.25.

Annual Convention and Tournament of State Firemen's Association, Newbern, August 6 9. Fare from Fayetteville, $5.25; Maxton, 7.35; Sanford, 6.20; Greensboro, 7.10.

The corn crop in this county this season will be the largest ever known. The reporter states this with confidence, as he has been all over the county and saw acres and acres of corn where cotton has always heretofore been planted. Several of our farmers have grown wheat this year and were well satisfied with the harvest. Our farmers are in a better condition now than in many years. The result has been accomplished through the trials of the panic. They are now in most cases growing their own supplies. The West will have to look for another market.

Dr. H. W. Lilly and Mr. James R. Williams are spending a few weeks in Asheville. Mr. Williams is interested in the great cigarette machine suit which is being tried there. The Bonsack Company are sueing Smith and others, of Winston, for infringement of patent. The Smith machine was invented and constructed in this city by a Mr. Briggs. The machine, which can make 300 cigarettes a minute, will be operated in the presence of the court.

Two Thousand Dollars Worth of Truck Shipped a Week.

From estimates we have received from the express company and railroads it is safe to say that over $2,000 worth of truck is shipped from this market every week. For the past six weeks this has been about the average. The prices have been unusually good and the truckers are in high spirit. Next year we expect to see vast trucking interests develop all over this county.

MONUMENT ASSOCIATION.

An Excellent Organization Effected—The First Month's Work Records a Delightful Entertainment.

The Washington Monument at the national capital, the loftiest artificial structure on earth, owes its existence to woman's effort—the fruition of the germ of the noble old Mount Vernon Association. So it is, the world over: Women are all-powerful when they bend their energies and devote their hearts to the accomplishment of an object—thank God, their efforts are nearly always worthy.

The Cumberland County Monument Association will rear that memorial marble shaft on St. James Square—the members have pledged themselves to the consummation of that end. Mrs. Jno. B. Broadfoot, with her assistant officers, has completed the organization of the association, except selecting the remainder of the county vice-presidents, which will be done as soon as possible, so as to give every township representation. The plan is to meet on the 2nd Monday in each month, at which meeting the committees report the progress made on the thirty days preceding, the amount of money on hand and the work accomplished, while plans are submitted for the month to come—and the reporter may say, in a few words, that the general scheme of the year embraces some sort of entertainment for every month (its character to be determined by circumstances), distributed over the city, those in the neighborhood being requested to contribute to the "function" in their "beat."

All who feel an interest in the objects of the association are requested, throughout the whole county, to enroll their names in its membership. Let this roll be the common property of the county, in which all have a share; and, on the laying of the cornerstone of the monument, these names, engraved on parchment, together with the roster of Cumberland's heroic dead, will be deposited in the receptacle as a heritage to prosperity.

The enthusiasm with which all classes are testifying their sympathy with the association is very gratifying, and is only of a piece with the sympathy shown by the County Commissioners. These mothers, sisters, wives and daughters of Southern soldiers are now crowning the work which they have so nobly done for many years in the Confederate Memorial Association, and they merit the co-operation of all classes.

The first entertainment was a lawn party on Tuesday evening, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Slocomb, on Dick Street, and certainly this initial move was a fine "send-off." It was under the management of the committee, Mesdames Slocomb, A. S. Huske and R. G. Haigh, the handsome dwelling being brilliantly lighted, while Japanese lanterns, colored lights and flower-decked tables made a striking and artistic picture of the beautiful grounds. Two olazing locomotive headlights (for which the committee was indebted to Capt. I. W. Clark, of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway) sent floods of light over shrubbery, hedge and groups of guest, and from the street and the front balcony the general effect was exceptionally fine. Though the crowd was large, the effect upon the visitor to this delightful place was homelike and charming, while the result, financially, was very gratifying.

The committee for the month of August consists of Mrs. D. H. Ray, Mrs. Crosswell and Miss Alice Campbell.

Fight with a Rattle Snake.

Mr. Bob Godwin, of 71st, had a thrilling experience last week, which almost cost him his life. It was a desperate battle with a rattle snake. It all came about from an account in the OBSERVER last summer of the capture of a large rattler in 71st. A northern naturalist read the account, and wrote to parties in 71st, offering a reward for the capture of one alive. So when Mr. Godwin, as he was crossing a stream one day last week, heard a warning rattle, and saw a blunt shaped head rear itself up from a clump of grass, he made preparations to secure the prize. He cut a stick with prongs at the end like a juvenber, and tied a stout string with a running noose just above the prong so that it would not slip off, and then cast this improvised lasso. He caught the snake around the neck the first whirl and began drawing him in. But to his horror the snake began coiling its body around his legs, coil upon coil until it had reached his waist. Godwin tried to keep the snake's head from his body with the stick, but to no purpose, the serpent bending it like so much rubber until its fangs were almost touching his face. Mr. Godwin then grabbed it around the neck, and by a superhuman effort, kept it off for several minutes, when it gradually relaxed it hold and dropped to the ground, dead. Mr. Godwin says that he was benumbed from head to food after the battle, and that it was several minutes before circulation was restored. The snake was five feet, nine inches long, and had eleven rattles.

Slander Suit.

An interesting slander case was tried before Magistrates J. B. Smith and W. D. Gaster, Tuesday. A young lady accused a young man of saying that he heard another young man say that he could hug and kiss her as much as he pleased. Both of the young men were made defendants. The case was dismissed for want of sufficient evidence. All the parties were from 71st. Col. C. W. Broadfoot and Mr. J. G. Shaw represented the defendants, and Col. Thos. H. Sutton the prosecution.

Gen. James H. Lane.

The hosts of friends of General Lane in these parts will be glad to read the following from the Montgomery, Alabama, Advertiser:

"General James H. Lane has been made statistical agent for the States of Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana, for the Agricultural Department, the three States having been grouped together in one division and numbered seven. The General has been for several years the statistical agent for Alabama, and the appointment is a just recognition of his splendid service in that position. Gen. Lane is eminently fitted for the position and his promotion is well deserved."

People and their Movements.

Mr. R. T. Gray, Jr., of Raleigh, is in the city.

Miss Lucy Young, of Raleigh, is the guest of Miss Underwood.

Mr. A. J. Davis, who has been quite sick, is much better.

Mr. Gail Nimocks is passing the summer at Cleveland Springs.

Mr. H. E. Sheetz and family have returned from Wilmington.

Miss Janie Mallett is visiting Miss Elsie McDonald in Wilmington.

Miss Georgia Worth is visiting relatives and friends at Sorrento, Maine.

Mrs James McKinnon and children are visiting Mrs. W. L. Hawley.

Misses Blanche and Lottie Thornton are passing a few weeks at Morehead.

Misses Joannah Costin and Lizzie Moody are spending some time at Red Springs.

Miss William Frizzell Wycoff, of Statesville, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Weisiger.

Maj. J. A. McLauchlin returned Tuesday from an extensive trip to Northern cities.

Mr. Jno. D. McLean and Miss Fannie McLean are visiting relatives in Harnett county.

Mr. Robt. Williams, of Oxford, is visiting his sister Mrs. S. W. Tillinghast on Church street.

Mr. J. A. Oates, Jr., is in Baltimore attending the meeting of the Young People's Christian Union.

Misses Lucy Redd and Mattie Waite, of Virginia, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Fischer on Rowan street.

Mrs. G. G. Myrover, with her little son Alfred, who is crippled, is spending a few weeks at Red Springs.

Mr. Walter Watson and family, and Mr. H. L. Cook and family are at Carolina Beach for the summer.

Messrs. A. & W. McQueen, of Plainview, and Mr. P. McQueen, of Red Springs, were in the city Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Addison Hogue, of Virginia, have been visiting Rev. and Mrs. A. J. McKelway, on Anderson street.

Mrs. Theodore Grohman and children, and Miss Forstrom, of Chicago, are visiting Mr. B. F. Grohman, on Haymount.

Thanks Senator.

We are indebted to Senator Warren Carver for a large basket of splendid fruit. In a note accompanying the present Mr. Carver says:

"Our fruit is abundant, but not large, as you will see. The yellow apples are known here as the Graddy Apple. The variety was brought to this section about forty years ago from Duplin county, by a Mr. John C. Graddy.

"The red or streaked apples are known as the Red Banks, and are said to have been brought from Red Banks, in Delaware, on horseback, near one hundred years ago, by Malcolm Ray, my grandfather, and the variety kept by his descendants until now. They can only be cooked by baking, and are nice when baked, sugared while hot, and let stand until cold.

The piece containing the green apples are from a broken limb and only shows the way some of our trees are laden with fruit."

(The branch referred to was a very small one, with twenty-four apples on it.)

The Excursion Monday.

A number of our citizens went to Wilmington Monday on the Bennettsville excursion, and enjoyed themselves immensely. The Wilmington Star says:

The excursion from Bennettsville to Wilmington, and intermediate points as far as Fayetteville, which reached here about 10:30 a. m. yesterday, was a big all-around success. There were at least 600 people on the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley train when it arrived at Point Peter, where the steamer Wilmington was in waiting. She took about 400 down the river—nearly all to Carolina Beach. A few remained in the city, while the others went to Ocean View.

Messrs. A. J. McKinnon and J. A. King were the managers of the excursion, and they gave their whole time and energies to the comfort of their patrons—except when "Sandy" was in the surf.

The excursionists were an exceptionally nice lot of people. They enjoyed themselves to the utmost, and, with a promise to "come again," left on the return trip at 7:45 p. m.

A horrible accident occurred last Thursday in the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad yard at Greensboro. Mr. Gary Brewer, a railroad watchman, was run over and instantly killed while crossing the track during a heavy rain storm. He had an umbrella raised which prevented him from seeing the trains approach. He was an old and trusted employe of the C. F. & Y. V.

Publications Required by Law.

[N. C. Press Association Annual Report.]

Section 219 of the Code requires service of summons by publication, in certain cases, once a week for six weeks.

Section 352 requires publication of warrants of attachment once a week for four weeks.

Section 456 requires publication once a week for four weeks, of all sales of real estate under execution.

Section 515 requires the publication once a week for six weeks, of a notice to creditors when any person applies to a magistrate for his homestead.

Section 678 requires the publication of the notice of incorporation by the Clerk.

Section 713 requires the publication once a week for four weeks, of the amount, etc., audited by the County Commissioners to themselves.

Section 752 requires the Commissioners to publish their annual statement.

Section 788 authorizes executors, &c., to publish once a week for six weeks a notice to creditors.

Section 1452 requires the clerk, in certain cases, to publish a notice to creditors once a week for six weeks.

Section 1783 requires publication for two weeks in enforcing a mechanic's lien.

Chapter 242, Laws of 1889, requires publication of County Treasurer's statement.

Chapter 580, Laws of 1891, requires Clerks of the Superior Court to publish their annual reports of public funds in their hands.

Chapter 296, Laws of 1893, (which is the usual "machinery act" for collecting taxes,) provides for several publications, as will be seen by reference to Sections 24, 36, 38, 51 and 112.

If you would have an abundance of dark, glossy hair, if you would have a clean scalp, free from dandruff and irritating humors, or if your hair is faded and gray, and you would have its natural color restored, use Ayer's Hair Vigor. It is unquestionably the best dressing.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

About Fisshynge.

Correspondence of the Observer.

Early in the 16th century was published a Treatyse on Fisshynge, printed by Wynkyn de Worde in which is said: "Ye shall not use this foresaid crafty Disporte for no covetysnesse in increasing and sparing of your menie onlie, but pryncepallie for your Solace, and to cause the health of your Bodie, and specialle of your soule: for when ye purpose to goe on your Disportes of Fisshynge ye will not desire greatly many persons with you which would lett you of your Game, and if the Angler take Sysshe, then there is noe man merrier than he is in his spryte."

A peculiarity not mentioned by the above quoted author, but which obtained no doubt then as well as to day, is the universally admitted privilege of exaggeration which is accorded to the amateur fisherman. With each recurring summer, tackle is overhauled and replenished, and the streams and ponds of the interior country as well as the shores and bays of the sea are visited by expectant sportsmen.

Two of our older citizens not content with the perch and trout of the mill ponds, thought a visit to Carolina Beach, a place familiar to them during the war, where they were employed in keeping blockaders at a respectful distance would be conducive to their health and enjoyment, and having located out of reach of the Reporters, they could confidently vouch for each other. So one of the pair writes from their camp on the beach, to a comrade in our town, urging him to join them and share the sport, declaring they had "gone out yesterday afternoon and in a few hours had caught over 300." This was too large a statement for the fisherman who remained at home, and his reply to the ex-Sheriff's letter, which we are permitted to print, seems to find the bait too big to swallow.

To James E. Smith, ex Sheriff:

Who on Carolina's sea girt shore,
Many an hour now whiles away,
In listening to the breaker's roar
That churns the beach from day to day
He and his comrade, Battery Starr,
Here fight their battles o'er again.
In mem'rys vision see afar
Blockader's smoke along the main,
Or wander o'er the dunes of sand
That mark the spot where Fisher stood,
When Terry led his gallant band
Thro' sheets of flame and pools of blood,
Or from some old blockader wrecks,
With baited hooks they fight the flies,
While conjuring up, with moistened necks,
That legend of three hundred l-i-e-s.

So you "went out and caught 300," did you, and "have them in your sea-box." Sea-box is good, bounded North by Greenland's icy mountains, South by antarctic frozen ocean, East by Europe, West by North and South America. Good box, commodious, roomy, but the fish, the 300! will safely remain there awaiting the arrival of some credulous fellow "to help eat them;" and then, having a witness, you might venture to return to this truth-loving community you think, do you? Now, don't you do it, boys! Don't take the risk with only one witness to such an oh! fish, awfull story. Remember the ap-Paul-ing fate of Ananias and shake.

Sympathetically yours,
PISCATORIUS.

P. S. Don't presume to return until the sea air has so invigorated your imagination that you can see that 300 fish story and double, or quits. You need not specify 300 were shell-fish, say shrimp or merely sell-fish.

Meeting of the State Horticultural and Flora Societies.

The 15th Annual Meeting of the State Horticultural Society and a general convention of Horticulturalists and Floralists will be held at Greensboro, N. C., Wednesday, August 21st, 1895. All persons interested in fruit or vegetable growing are cordially invited to attend the meeting and bring with them for exhibition specimens of any new or noteworthy products in horticulture or floriculture.

The State Florists' Association will meet August 22nd at same place. Important business will come before both bodies and a full attendance of all interested is desired.

The railroads entering Greensboro will give the usual special round-trip rates and reduced rates will be given by the Greensboro hotels.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

At a regular convocation of Phœnix Chapter, No. 2, R. A. M., held at Masonic Hall, July 10th, 1895, the following resolutions were adopted:

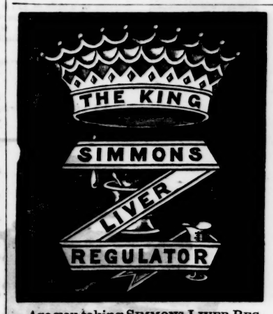
Whereas, it hath pleased the Almighty Father in his wisdom to call to rest our esteemed brother and companion RUDOLPH E. HEINS, who departed this life at his home in Wilmington, N. C., June 15th, 1895, therefore be it resolved,

1st. That in the death of our companion, this Chapter and R. A. Masonry has lost a zealous and faithful member; he was a true Mason and a just man, and while we deeply feel the loss of our companion and friend, we are consoled with the reflection that he has completed the rough and rugged journey of life, and has passed through the vails into the sanetuary, to receive that reward which is promised to those who labor diligently in the quarries of life.

2nd. That we extend to his bereaved family our sympathy in this their great loss.

3rd. That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon our minutes, also that a copy be sent to the family of the deceased and one to the Fayetteville papers for publication with a request that the Wilmington papers, will please copy.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.



Are you taking SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR, the "KING OF LIVER MEDICINES?" That is what our readers want, and nothing but that. It is the same old friend to which the old folks pinned their faith and were never disappointed. But another good recommendation for it is, that it is BETTER THAN PILLS, never gripes, never weakens, but works in such an easy and natural way, just like nature itself, that relief comes quick and sure, and one feels new all over. It never fails. Everybody needs take a liver remedy, and everyone should take only Simmons Liver Regulator.

Be sure you get it. The Red Z is on the wrapper. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia.

A Sufferer Cured

"Every season, from the time I was two years old, I suffered dreadfully from erysipelas, which kept growing worse until my hands were almost useless. The bones softened so that they would bend, and several of my fingers are now crooked from this cause. On my hand I carry large scars, which, but for

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla, would be sores, provided I was alive and able to carry anything. Eight bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla cured me, so that I have had no return of the disease for more than twenty years. The first bottle seemed to reach the spot and a persistent use of it has perfected the cure."—O. C. DAVIS, Wautoma, Wis.

AYER'S
THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR
Sarsaparilla
AYER'S PILLS Promote Good Digestion.

NORTH CAROLINA
College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS COLLEGE WILL BEGIN
SEPTEMBER 5th.
EXAMINATIONS AT COUNTY SEATS FIRST SATURDAY IN AUGUST.

Young men desiring a technical education at an unusually low cost will do well to apply for catalogue to
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FOR SALE.

$3,500 CUMBERLAND COUNTY 7 PER CENT. BONDS *at par flat.* Address
LOCK BOX 38,
7--18--95 Charlotte, N. C.

NOTICE.

Having qualified as Executor of the last will and testament of S. A. C. L. Munroe, due notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate will present them for payment within the time prescribed by law or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.
This 12th day of July, 1895.
D. J. RAY, Executor.
7--18--95 6t

ENGINES.

We have been building engines for nearly 20 years. Our business has grown from a small beginning and has carried us into many branches of machinery. We do work for and furnish supplies for nearly every industry that exists in the State—ginneries, saw mills, grist mills, oil mills, cotton mills. Write us for catalogue and prices.
LIDDELL COMPANY,
Charlotte, N. C.

NOTICE.

Before I take an engagement with Northern merchants for the sale of my Tomatoes, I desire to know if some one would like to have some Tomatoes, and how many dozens a week. These Tomatoes, are very large and delicious. Price from 40 to 60 cents a dozen according to size
Address A. GIRARD, Haymount,
7--11--95 2t Fayetteville, N. C.

LOST.

BUNCH OF KEYS.
Suitable reward for return to
DR. H. W. LILLY,
7--11--95 Fayetteville.

Colored Normal School at Fayetteville,

There will be a meeting of the local board on Wednesday, the 24th inst., for the purpose of selecting teachers for the ensuing year. Applications for principal and assistant teachers may be sent to
RALPH F. BUXTON,
Chairman.
Fayetteville, N. C., 10th July, 1895—2t

For Rent or Sale.

The H. I. McDuffie Residence,
ON COOL SPRING STREET.
For terms apply at
7--4--95 tf H. R. NOVITZKY'S.

A. S. HUSKE,
Commission Merchant and Headquarters
FOR TRUCKERS SUPPLIES,
Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

Shipper of Produce and Agent for reliable Commission Merchants in many of the large cities; also for Manufacturers of
Fruit Carriers, Crates, &c.

BUYS AND SELLS MELONS AND OTHER PRODUCE IN SEASON.

Just an inkling about Peaches, Pears and Grapes and how to ship them.

ARE YOU A FRUIT GROWER?

If so I would be glad to make your acquaintance, and take pleasure in answering any inquiries about Fruit Carriers, Pots to Barrels and such like, in car lots or less.

Orders intrusted to the undersigned will receive prompt attention. Very truly yours,
A. S. HUSKE

LIME.

We get in a fresh car load of LIME every few weeks.

That it is the very best we have no hesitation in saying.

We lately had an order for 50 barrels for a dwelling house, specification by a skilled architect, 35 barrels did the work, so when you buy why not get ours, which is the best.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF
BUILDING MATERIALS.
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.
H. H. H.

Parties who wish to buy the best
MOWER OR RAKE,
will do well to call on us and see our samples of goods made by the W. A. Wood Mower and Reaping Machine Company.
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

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FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

The **LAFAYETTE MILITARY ACADEMY** having been reorganized and thoroughly equipped, will reopen
SEPTEMBER 4th, 1895.
——The school under its *new* management will be known as the——
Fayetteville Military Academy.

Every possible facility will be utilized for the training and instruction of boys and young men in all the branches usually taught in a high grade school, including Military Tactics and a **BUSINESS COURSE.** Certificate admits to various Colleges and Universities. Absolutely healthful location and genuine home, with refined surroundings. Careful attention to morals and manners.

The Principal, for eight (8) years co-Principal of Horner School, Oxford, and a teacher of long experience, will be assisted by a corps of well qualified teachers holding full diplomas from the leading Institutions of the country. The Principal and Instructors live in same building with the Cadets—ready at all times to assist them in every possible way. Parents will find here a *maximum advantage at a minimum cost.* Those who intend entering the next session, will please notify us as early as practical. For prospectus or any further information apply to

COL. T. J. DREWRY, C. E., Principal.
or W. S. DREWRY, Ph. B. M. A.,
'Till August 1st, Boykins, Va. Associate Principal.

OAK RIDGE INSTITUTE.

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J. A. & M. H. HOLT,
7-4--95 6t OAK RIDGE, N. C.

Wilson Military Academy.

In consequence of the removal of the LaFayette Military Academy from Fayetteville to Wilson, the name of this very popular institution of learning will hereafter be known as "WILSON MILITARY ACADEMY."

The Fall Term begins Wednesday, Sept. 4, 1895.

With greater facilities, better accommodations and equipments, and if possible brighter prospects, the school enters upon its third year with every indication of a much larger patronage and more general usefulness.

The most thorough instruction is given in literary and commercial branches; and moral culture and physical training receive due attention.

The third "Annual Announcement," containing full particulars, will be mailed to any one upon application. Address
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6--20--95 4m WILSON, N. C.

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FOR GIRLS,
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THE ADVENT TERM OF THE FIFTY-FOURTH SCHOOL YEAR WILL BEGIN SEPTEMBER 19, 1895.

Special attention paid to Physical Culture and Hygiene.

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DAVIDSON, N. C.
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J. R. SHEARER,
7--4--95 6t PRESIDENT.

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It is folly to suffer with
INDIGESTION,
DYSPEPSIA,
CHRONIC DIARRHŒA,
GENERAL DEBILITY,
OR WITH KIDNEY, BLADDER OR
FEMALE TROUBLES
when you can be speedily and permanently cured by drinking Jackson Springs Water, either at the Springs or from bottles shipped to you.

It has cured others, it can cure you if you will give it a reasonable trial. The hotel is now open for guests, and the water is being shipped in half gallon bottles, one dozen to the crate. For circulars or further information, apply to
JOHN W. THOMPSON, Prop.
Or DR JAS. E. BROOKS, Manager, West End, Moore County, N C. 6--27--95 2m

9 Years Old. 158 Pupils.
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Healthful Location, Six Teachers, Commodious Building, Expenses small, $97 to $132 for 10 months.
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North Carolina for Boys and Young Men.
(In buildings formerly occupied by Bingham School.)

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Thorough Instruction.
Terms moderate. Address
Rev. H. C. KEGLEY, Principal,
7--4--95 2m Mebane, N. C.

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Tuition $60.
35 Teachers, 471 Students.
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Unsurpassed in Thoroughness, Location, Equipment, Faculty, Furniture and Fare.
No superior work done anywhere North or South.
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6--20--95 3m Raleigh, N. C.

FOR RENT.

The Store, adjoining the Hotel LaFayette recently occupied by Rose & Leak.
For terms, apply to
H. W. LILLY
5-23-95—tf

Papers for Sale.

Old papers for sale at the OBSERVER OFFICE at 20 cents per hundred.

Our Spring Stock
——OF——
FINE - CLOTHING
FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN
IS NOW COMPLETE.

We Cordially Invite you to Examine our Line,
LEARN THE PRICES,
——AND THE QUESTION WILL ARISE IN YOUR MIND,——
How Can Such Fine Goods be Sold for So Little Money.

Don't Fail to See Our Splendid Assortment and to Take Advantage of the Inducements Offered.

H. R. NOVITZKY,
The Fayetteville Clothier.

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—AGENT AND BOTTLER OF THE—

Robert Portner Brewery Company's

CELEBRATED LAGER BEER

IN KEGS, EXPORT OR PATENT BOTTLES.

WHOLESALE EXCLUSIVELY.

ALL ORDERS HAVE MY PROMPT ATTENTION.

Beer kept at Ice Cold Temperature all the time.

Look Quick!
Come Look!

AT MY WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

FURNITURE,

—SUCH AS—

Oak Suits, Walnut Suits,
Bureaus, Bedsteads,
Washstands, Chairs,
Tables, Cribs,
Hall Racks, Wardrobes,
Lounges, Bed Springs,
&c. &c.

HOME-MADE MATRESSES

A SPECIALTY.

Respectfully,

J. H. ROBINSON, JR.

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Fayetteville Ice Factory

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And Running on Full Time.

Give us Your Patronage.

WE WILL APPRECIATE IT AND ENDEAVOR TO SERVE YOU TO YOUR SATISFACTION.

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Mexican Mustang Liniment

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Burns,
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Piles,
Rheumatic Pains,
Bruises and Strains.
Running Sores,
Inflammations,
Stiff joints,
Harness & Saddle Sores,
Sciatica,
Lumbago,
Scalds,
Blisters,
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All Cattle Ailments,
All Horse Ailments,
All Sheep Ailments,

Penetrates Muscle, Membrane and Tissue Quickly to the Very Seat of Pain and Ousts it in a Jiffy.

Rub in Vigorously.

Mustang Liniment conquers Pain, Makes Man or Beast well again.

Mr. Ransom's Prospects.

Wilmington Dispatch, May 14.

Editor Hale, of the Fayetteville Observer, thinks there is a probability that Ex-Senator Ransom will be put forward by his friends and admirers at the next democratic state convention of North Carolina for the nomination of governor. Mr. Hale may be right in his prophecy, but the good people of North Carolina after the bitter experience which they have recently had with Mr. Ransom, will hardly lend themselves to a scheme which has for its object the endorsement of a man who has so persistently disregarded the wishes of his people, and acted with an alien element to degrade and ruin them.

Mr. Ransom has been weighed in the balances and found wanting. The people of North Carolina are not ignorant of his record. North Carolinians are better educated in political affairs to day than they have ever been. For years they have been ground between the upper and nether millstones, during that time they have been studying the situation with a view to ascertaining the cause of their distress and of knowing who are responsible. Mr. Ransom is a spotted man. He cannot be elected by any party to any place of honor or trust in North Carolina. His candidacy will doom the party that has the temerity to put him forward to overwhelming defeat. The executive committee which sent him forth among the people of this state in 1894 as an apostle of pure principles drove from its support by so doing not less than 30,000 votes. Thousands of good and true men all over North Carolina who have ever had the good of this state at heart scratched at the polls every legislative candidate whom they had a right to believe would vote for the re-election of Mr. Ransom to the United States senate should they become members of the state legislature. Since then the number of those who would do the same thing if Mr. Ransom should again be a candidate before the people, has been more than doubled.

Should the admirers of Mr. Ransom by chicanery and finesse secure his nomination for governor it would be nothing more than an empty compliment. His supporters in this state are small indeed when compared to the whole number of voters. Clevelandism and its synonym Ransomism is as dead in North Carolina as the mummies in an Egyptian pyramid. Mr. Ransom's doom in North Carolina is as sure and as certain as was that of the great Babylonian King.

The Fayetteville Oberver in pursuing this subject has this to say in reference to the press of the State:

"It must be noted that the North Carolina method of the gold-bugs differs radically from that in other States. Elsewhere the press is free spoken and politicians have been forced to take sides. In this State, though probably three-fourths of the democracy abhor Gen. Ransom and his methods, but a small per centage of the democratic press has lifted its voice against him."

The Observer is quite correct in what it says. The editor of this paper has been much interested in the course pursued by the North Carolina press. Very many of our State papers are mum on the situation. Some are still clinging to the old sinking administration hulk, but their feeble cries for aid are drowned in the raging storm. The billows of expediency have thrown a few lately over on the side of the people and we look for many more during the next twelve months to fall in at the rear of the column and follow the procession.

The people of North Carolina to-day are following the way marked out by the great dead commoner. Who can ever forget the closing words of the last effort made by him in support of the rights of his people? How different was his course from that of his colleague.

On Friday, September 1st, 1893, enfeebled by disease tottering as he stood in his place in the Senate, his voice trembling from weakness alone unsupported by Mr. Ransom in his efforts for justice, he closed one of the greatest speeches ever delivered in that chamber in the following words:

"Surely the fountains of the great deep of humanity are broken up and the hearts of men are stirred within them as they have never been stirred before since the civil war. The great fight is on; the power of money and its allies throughout the world have entered into this conspiracy to perpetuate the greatest crime of this or any other age to overthrow one-half of the world's money and thereby double their own wealth by the enhancing in value of the other half which is in their hands.

"The money changers are polluting the temple of our liberties. 'To your tents O Israel.'"

Shylock's Tricks.

Atlanta Constitution.

We don't know how many times the statement has been made by the agents of Shylockism that from the time the mints were opened to the free coinage of gold and silver to 1873, only eight million dollars of silver were coined at the mints. The statement, as it stands,, is false, known to be false by those who make it, and is intended to deceive the people. But when those who make the false statements are confronted with the facts they have an opportunity to say that they meant dollar pieces. They state that which they know to be false, and they explain it by telling the truth.

The fact is that before 1853, when the fractional parts of a dollar were made a legal tender for only $5, every dollar, half dollar, quarter, dime and half dime was a full legal tender in the payment of all debts, public and private. Consequently, every sum of twenty half dimes, ten dimes, four quarters and two half dollars was a full legal tender dollar for all public and private debts. The amount of legal tender silver dollars that had been coined, including the eight million dollar pieces, had been variously stated, but it was considerably more than $100,000,000. Senator Allison puts it at $140,000,000.

In addition to this the law made a full legal tender of all the silver money of the nations with which we had commercial relations, and this foreign silver circulated here until after 1857. Some of it was in circulation as late as 1850.

How the Goldbugs Suppress the Truth.

D. O. Mason in Atlanta Constitution.

In an open-air speech delivered by Hon. Hoke Smith in Macon last October, he said there was only $8,000,000 coined in the United States from 1837 to 1873, making the then understood argument that this was all the silver coined in that period, when there was coined $105,000,000—half dollars, quarters and dimes in silver from 1837 to 1873. Why should a statesman like Mr. Smith keep anything back?

Louisville Correspondence, *ibid.*]

I would like to add here that while such supporters of shylockism and this gentleman are in a narrow-minded manner, produced by some selfish interest, discriminating against one-half of, or really our only, circulating currency, we so-called silverites are not fighting to depreciate gold, but merely protecting silver—our friend—and endeavoring to restore it to its original pedestal alongside of gold, from which it was so maliciously hurled in 1873 by an act which seemingly could not have been generated from other than mercenary motives.

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM **High Grade Tobacco** AND **ABSOLUTELY PURE**

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For YOUNG LADIES, Roanoke, Va.

Opens Sept. 12, 1895. One of the leading Schools for Young Ladies in the South. Magnificent buildings, all modern improvements. Campus ten acres. Grand mountain scenery in Valley of Va., famed for health. European and American teachers. Full course. Superior advantages in Art and Music. Students from twenty States. For catalogues address the President, W. A. HARRIS, D. D., Roanoke, Virginia.

The Leading Conservatory of America
CARL FAELTEN, Director.
Founded in 1853 by E. Tourjée.
NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, BOSTON, MASS.
FRANKLIN SQ.
Send for Prospectus giving full information.
FRANK W. HALE, General Manager.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE
Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain. Take in time. 50 cts. HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

DID YOU GET YOURS

There were 3,134,934 Packages of HIRES' ROOTBEER sold in 1894, which made 15,675,735 gallons, or 313,494,700 glasses, sufficient to give every man, woman and child in the United States, five glasses each—did you get your share? Be sure and get some this year.

A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

HIRES' Rootbeer
THE CHAS. E. HIRES CO., Phila.

6-27--95 4t

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BACON, FLOUR, SALT,
AND EVERY THING USUALLY KEPT AT A FIRST-CLASS
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Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes and Clothing.
RESTAURANT ON SECOND FLOOR.
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COTTON :: BUYER.
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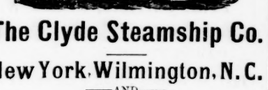
Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil Mill,
Railroad Street,
Manufacturers of Cotton-Seed Meal and Crude Oil.
Pays highest market price for cotton-seed.



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At 3 o'clock P. M

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON.
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, July 20
CROATAN.....Saturday, July 27

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.
CROATAN.....Saturday, July 20
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, July 7

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.
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Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
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"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
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"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
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WHOLESALE GROCERS,
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do not fail to examine our stock—we have the very best goods at panic prices. We can furnish you with any part of Harness at half the price that it will cost you to have it made.
—IT IS JUST AS WE TOLD YOU TWO YEARS AGO IT WOULD BE—
"ALBEMARLE" FLOUR
has a great deal the largest sale of any Patent Flour sold in Fayetteville, quality and price combined will tell.
FERTILIZERS.
We have in stock quite a number of the oldest and most reliable Brands and several new Brands which we offer at popular prices. We offer special inducements to car load buyers.
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OWN YOUR OWN HOME.

THE PANSY No. 12.

FOR 60 CENTS in Postage Stamps, Postal Note or Silver, we will furnish any reader of this paper with one full and complete set of plans and specifications of either of the three cottages here shown. These plans are drawn to a scale and are guaranteed to be mechanically correct and ready to build from—every detail that can be furnished by a competent architect being provided for.

PANSY COTTAGE No. 12. This cottage contains 5 rooms besides attic and bath room, and can be built for $1400. Plans are engraved on fine bond paper.

If a more moderate priced cottage is desired you will be interested in the

ROSEBUD COTTAGE No. 20. This is a five room cottage which can be built for $1000—a marvel of completeness in every way. Plans are finely engraved on heavy paper.

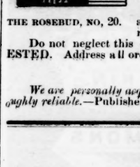
For persons of more moderate means we have prepared plans and specifications of the

EVERGREEN COTTAGE No. 22. and can be built for $750.

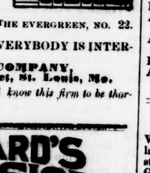
A complete set of of either of these plans—except Evergreen, which contains four sheets—consists of five sheets 14x25 inches, each, all beautifully engraved on fine paper.

Sheet No. 1 consists of views of front elevation, perspective and interior sectional views.
Sheet No. 2 consists of front and side elevation views.
Sheet No 3 illustrates floor plans, roof, attic, etc.
Sheet No. 4 shows various details: sections of porch. door frame, window frame, etc.
Sheet No. 5 covers full specifications, itemized estimate of cost of all material used, cost of labor with full particulars and advice regarding division of cost for various lines of materials, instructions and suggestions to builder, etc.

Each set of plans is neatly wrapped in pasteboard tube and will be sent postpaid prepaid to any address for 60 cents; 2 for $1.10; 3 for $1.50. An architect would require upwards of $25.00 for furnishing plans with all the details given in ours, and the opportunity herein offered of securing for 60 cts. what is ordinarily rated at $25.00 is one that should be taken advantage of all THE EVERGREEN, NO. 22. readers.



THE ROSEBUD, NO. 20.



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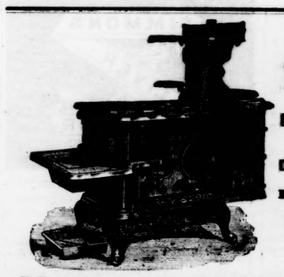
1397 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo.

We are personally acquainted with the members of the Universal Plan Co. and know this firm to be thoroughly reliable.—Publisher GLOBE DEMOCRAT.



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MADE FROM PURE PIG IRON
Not one pound of Scrap Iron is ever used in these goods.
DURABLE, CONVENIENT and ECONOMICAL.
All Modern Improvements to Lighten Housekeeping Cares.
Twenty different sizes and kinds.
Every Stove Warranted Against Defects.
Prices not much higher at this time than on commoner kinds of Stoves.
Call on or address
McMILLAN BROS., Fayetteville, N. C.

NOTICE,

Proposals will be received for the re-building of St. Thomas's Church, on Hybart's Hill. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of C. W. Broadfoot.

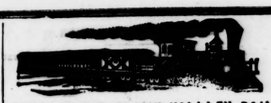
C. W. BROADFOOT,
WM. W. HYBART,
JAS. M. PEARCE,
ROBT. STRANGE,
Committee.

May 23, 1895.

Administrator's Notice.

Having duly qualified as administrator of the estate of A. J. Pemberton, deceased, the undersigned hereby notifies all persons holding claims against said estate to present them to him duly authenticated on or before the 20th day of June, 1896, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate must make immediate settlement. E. L. PEMBERTON, Administrator.

N. A. SINCLAIR, Attorney.
June 20, 1895.



CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLLEY RAIL'Y
JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect June 23rd, 1895.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2, Daily
Leave Wilmington,	9:05 a. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	12:15 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	12:45 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	
Leave Sanford,	2:16 "
Leave Climax,	4:19 "
Arrive Greensboro,	4:50 "
Leave Greensboro,	5:00 "
Leave Stokesdale,	5:55 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	6:25 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	6:30 "
Leave Rural Hall,	6:58 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	8:25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1, Daily
Leave Mt. Airy,	7:05 a. m.
Leave Rural Hall,	8:29 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	8:55 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	8:59 "
Leave Stokesdale,	9:28 "
Arrive Greensboro,	10:11 "
Leave Greensboro,	10:20 "
Leave Climax,	10:50 "
Leave Sanford,	12:50 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville Junction,	
Arrive Fayetteville,	2:15 "
Leave Fayetteville,	2:45 "
Arrive Wilmington,	5:55 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4, Daily
Leave Bennettsville,	8:15 a. m.
Arrive Maxton,	9:20 "
Leave Maxton,	9:29 "
Leave Red Springs,	9:55 "
Leave Hope Mills,	10:35 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	10:55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3, Daily
Leave Fayetteville,	4:05 p. m.
Leave Hope Mills,	4:54 "
Leave Red Springs,	5:40 "
Arrive Maxton,	6:12 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	7:20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Rameur,	5:50 a. m
Leave Climax,	7:35 "
Arrive Greensboro,	8:20 "
Leave Greensboro,	9:15 "
Leave Stokesdale,	10:50 "
Arrive Madison	11:50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12:30 p. m.
Leave Stokesdale,	1:35 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2:40 "
Leave Greensboro,	3:00 "
Leave Climax,	4:20 "
Arrive Rameur,	6:00 "

NORTH BOUND CONNECTIONS

at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Winston-Salem

SOUTH BOUND CONNECTIONS

at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View.

Trains No. 1 and 2 dinner at Fayetteville.

W. E. KYLE, General Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY, General Manager.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.
AND BRANCHES
AND FLORENCE RAILROAD
Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Jan. 27, 1895	No. 23. Daily.	No. 35. Daily.	No. 41. Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Weldon..	11 53	9 27	
Ar. Rocky Mount	12 57	10 20	
Leave Tarboro..	12 20		
Lv Rocky Mount	1 05	10 20	6 00
Leave Wilson...	2 03	11 03	
Leave Selma....	2 53		
Lv. Fayetteville	3 50	12 53	
Arrive Florence.	7 15	3 00	

	No. 47 Daily.		
	P. M.		A. M.
Leave Wilson...	2 08		6 35
Leave Goldboro.	2 55		7 20
Leave Magnolia.	4 02		8 29
Ar. Wilmington.	5 30		10 00
	P. M.		A. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

DATED Jan. 27, 1895.	No. 78. Daily.	No. 32. Daily.	No. 40. Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Florence	9 15	7 15	
Lv. Fayetteville	10 55	9 19	
Leave Selma....	12 32		
Arrive Wilson..	1 20	11 15	
Leave Tarboro..	2 48		

	No. 46 Daily.		
	P. M.		P. M.
Lv. Wilmington.	9 20		7 00
Leave Magnolia	10 56		8 31
Leave Goldsboro	12 05		9 40
Arrive Wilson..	1 00		10 27

	No. 78 Daily.	No. 32 Daily.	
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson...	1 30	11 20	10 32
Ar Rocky Mount	2 33	12 02	11 15
Arrive Tarboro.	2 48		
Lv Rocky Mount	2 33	12 02	
Arrive Weldon..	3 48	12 54	
	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

†Daily except Monday ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Read leaves Weldon 3:48 P M, Halifax 4:05 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:55 P M. Greenville 6:37 P M., Kinston 7:35 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:20 A M, Greenville 8:22 A M. Arriving Halifax at 10:55 A M. Weldon 11.20 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7:00 A. M., arrives Parmele 8:40 A. M., Tarboro 9:50 A M; returning leaves Tarboro 4:50 P M, Parmele 6:10 P. M., arrives Washington 7:35 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:00 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M; arrives Plymouth 9:00 P M, 5:25 P M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily, except Sunday, 6:00 A M, Sunday 9:30 A M, arrive Tarboro 10:25 A M, and 11:45 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 6:05 A M, arriving Smithfield 7:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 8:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:00 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Trains on Latta Branch Florence R R leave Latta 6:40 P M; arrive Dunbar 7:50 P M. Returning leave Dunbar 6:30 A M; arrive Latta 7:50 A M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 4:10 P M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 7:20 A M., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Portsmouth and Bay Line. Also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk daily and all points north via Norfolk daily except Sunday.

J. R. KELLEY, General Manager. JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

WALTER WATSON,
ESTABLISHED 1866.

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